Research findings from the Criminal Justice Clearinghouse

Arrests 2023:

Law Enforcement Response to Crime in the San Diego Region

February 2025



Introduction

On an annual basis, the SANDAG Criminal Justice Research Division prepares a report on local criminal justice agencies' response to crime in the region as measured by arrest statistics. Compared to other regional crime reports, arrest statistics provide additional insights into the types and levels of offenses, as well as the demographics of those arrested. This information deepens our understanding of crime and provides another valuable tool for justice system planning.

This CJ Bulletin presents arrest data for the 2023 calendar year and draws comparisons to previous years. It includes regional arrest rates per 1,000 residents, as well as total number of arrests by offense type. The following are key considerations for interpreting these numbers:

- Data presented here were provided by the Automated Regional Justice Information System (ARJIS).¹
- Data were categorized according to the Uniform
 Crime Reporting (UCR) Summary system. The offense
 or charge attributed to an arrest reflects only the
 most serious violation among multiple potential
 offenses associated with the arrest. This
 categorization and methodology differs from the
 CIBRS/NIBRS data used in our recent crime reports.
- Arrest reports document the location where an arrest occurred, which may not reflect the location of the crime incident or the residence of the alleged offender.
- Arrest rates and counts should not be compared to crime rates and counts, as these two events may occur at two different points in time. An arrest can happen months or even years after the related crime was reported, making direct comparisons misleading.
- In regard to youth, even when an arrest report is filed, alternatives such as diversion to a community-based organization or release to a parent or guardian may be considered, rather than processing through the juvenile justice system.
- Numbers presented in this report may vary from those reported in previous years due to updated population estimates.²

Highlights

- The number of arrests for violent and "Other" offenses increased from 2022, while arrests for property crimes, weapons, and alcohol/drug-related offenses declined.
- Juvenile arrest rates increased for the second year in a row, rising 18% from 2022 and 58% from 2021.
- Juveniles were most frequently arrested for violent offenses, a crime type that saw a 25% increase from 2022.
- Adult arrest rates continued their downward trend, dropping 38% from 2019.
- While the felony arrest rate has remained relatively stable, misdemeanor arrest rates have declined by nearly 50% since 2019.
- Weapon-related offenses were the most likely offense type to result in felony charges.
- Arrestees were more likely to be male and in the 20-39 age range.
- Hispanic and Black individuals were overrepresented in arrests, while "Other" and White individuals were underrepresented compared to their population size.

¹ For all reports prior to 2021, data were provided by the California Department of Justice (DOJ). After 2020, the DOJ failed to fulfill the annual request for this data, and SANDAG started using ARJIS data instead. Additional information related to this change in methodology is included in the **2021 Arrests Report**.

²2023 population estimates were derived from SANDAG's Population and Housing Estimates.

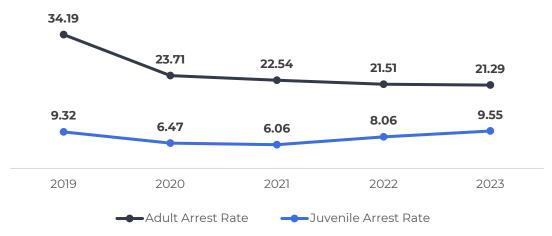
Arrest rates³

Trends

In 2023, there were 21.29 adults arrested per 1,000 population, representing a 1% decrease from the previous year and the lowest rate recorded in the last five years (Figure 1). Across the jurisdictions, the 2023 adult arrest rate varied from 11.46 (Carlsbad) to 41.65 (Lemon Grove) (Appendix Table 5). Compared to the previous year, 10 jurisdictions experienced decreases (ranging from <-1% in San Diego and Poway to -16% in Coronado), and 8 saw increases (ranging from <1% in Vista to 42% in La Mesa).

For juveniles, the 2023 rate of 9.55 represented an increase of 18% from the previous year and the highest recorded rate in the last five years (Figure 1). Across jurisdictions, the juvenile arrest rate varied from 3.93 (Solana Beach) to 22.08 (Imperial Beach). Of the 12 jurisdictions with juvenile arrest numbers large enough for comparison in 2022 and 2023, 10 had increases (ranging from 5% in Chula Vista to 93% in Carlsbad), and 2 had decreases (-16% in Escondido and -20% in Poway) (Appendix Table 8).

Figure 1: Adult and juvenile arrest rates per 1,000 population, by year (2019-2023)



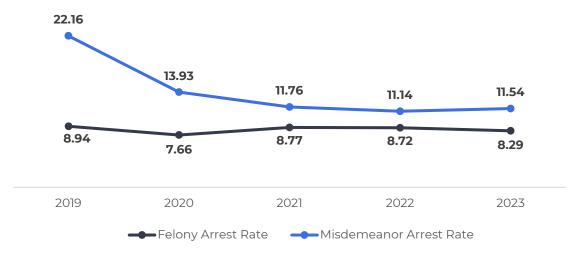
Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS; SANDAG Population and Housing Estimates v2023

Felonies and misdemeanors

From 2019 to 2023, the felony arrest rate has remained relatively stable, dipping to a low of 7.66 per 1,000 population in 2020 and slightly increasing to 8.29 by 2023 (Figure 2, Appendix Tables 3 and 4). In contrast, the misdemeanor arrest rate has seen a notable decline, dropping 48% from 2019 (from 22.16 to 11.54). As a result, the wide gap between felony and misdemeanor arrests in 2019 has narrowed significantly by 2023. Notably, both felony and misdemeanor arrest rates reached their lowest levels in the past five years in 2020, potentially as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

³ For this analysis, only arrests for individuals aged 10 and older are considered. Individuals less than 10 years old are excluded as they represent less than 1% of total arrests per year. Rates are calculated per 1,000 residents.

Figure 2: Misdemeanor and felony arrest rates per 1,000 population, by year (2019-2023)



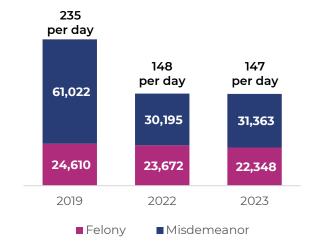
Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS; SANDAG Population and Housing Estimates v2023

Arrest numbers

In 2023, adult arrests totaled 53,711, representing a slight decrease from 2022 and a notable drop from 85,632 in 2019 (Figure 3A and Appendix Table 12). While felony arrests among adults have slightly decreased, felonies made up a larger share of arrests in 2023 (42%) compared to 2019 (29%). This shift is largely due to a sharp decline in misdemeanor arrests, which have decreased by almost half since 2019.

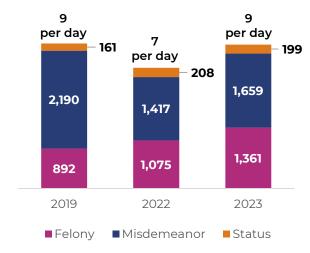
The total number of juvenile arrests in 2023 increased by 19% from 2022, from 2,700 to 3,219 (Figure 3B and Appendix Table 25). This figure is similar to the number of juvenile arrests in 2019, though a larger proportion of arrests in 2023 were for felonies (42% compared to 28% in 2019). Status arrests remained relatively stable compared to previous years.⁴

Figure 3A: Number of adult arrests by year (2019, 2022, 2023)



Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Figure 3B: Number of juvenile arrests by year (2019, 2022, 2023)



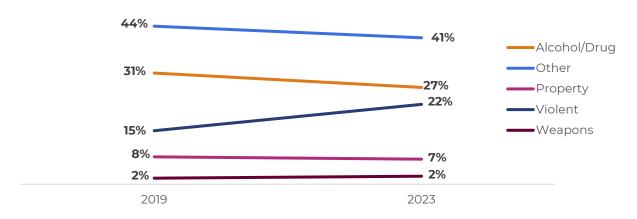
 $^{^4}$ A status offense is an offense for which only juveniles can be arrested. As shown in Appendix Table 38, the only status offenses documented in 2019, 2022, and 2023 were runaway and curfew violations.

Arrests by offense type

What types of crimes were adults and juveniles arrested for in 2023?5

In 2023, "Other" offenses were the most common arrest category for adults, accounting for 41% of all arrests (Figure 4A). More than one in four arrests (27%) were related to alcohol or drug offenses, making it the second most prevalent category. When drawing a five-year comparison, the category that experienced the most significant change was violent offenses, which increased from 15% of adult arrests in 2019 to 22% in 2023. While arrests for violent offenses have remained steady, the overall decline in arrests has made violent offenses constitute a larger proportion of adult arrests.

Figure 4A: Proportion of adult arrests by offense type (2019 and 2023)

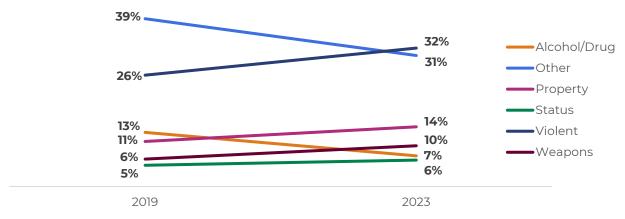


Note: Percentages may not total 100 due to rounding.

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

The number of juvenile arrests in 2023 has remained similar to that in 2019. However, decreases in Alcohol/Drug offenses and Other offenses were offset by increases in Violent, Property and Weapons offenses. In 2023, the most common types of juvenile arrests were for violent offenses (32%) and "Other" offenses (31%) (Figure 4B). Comparing 2019 to 2023, "Other" offenses saw the largest proportional drop (-8%), while violent offenses showed the largest increase (6%).

Figure 4B: Proportion of juvenile arrests by offense type (2019 and 2023)



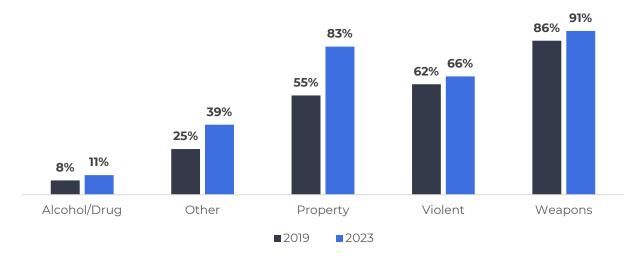
⁵ This report categorizes data according to the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Summary system, which classifies crimes differently from the CIBRS/NIBRS system used in our other recent crime publications.

What types of crimes were more likely to be classified as felonies?

A higher proportion of overall arrests were classified as felonies in 2023 compared to 2019 (Figures 5A and 5B). Specifically, around two in five (42%) arrests were at the felony-level in 2023 (not shown). However, the proportion of arrests that were classified as felonies varied considerably across specific crime types for both adults and juveniles.

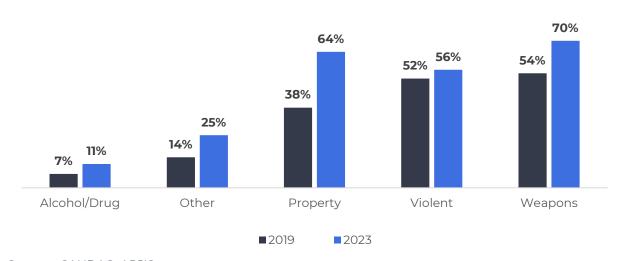
Arrests for weapon-related offenses were more likely to be a felony than a misdemeanor for both adults (91%) and juveniles (70%). Compared to 2019, the most notable increase in the proportion of felony arrests was observed in property offenses. The share of property offenses classified as felonies saw a 28 percentage point increase among adults and a 26 percentage point increase among juveniles. Conversely, "Other" offenses and alcohol/drug-related offenses were the least likely categories to be classified as felonies (for both adults and juveniles).

Figure 5A: Adult felony arrests by offense type (2019 and 2023)



Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Figure 5B: Juvenile felony arrests by offense type (2019 and 2023)



Violent offenses

The violent offense arrest category includes four felony-level offenses (homicide, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault) and one misdemeanor-level offense (manslaughter/assault and battery). In 2023, there were 12,045 adult and 1,044 juvenile arrests for violent offenses (Figure 6). Adult arrests for violent offenses saw a 2% increase from 2022 (Appendix Table 19). For juveniles, arrests rose by 25% from the previous year, marking the highest count in the last five years (Appendix Table 32).

Among adults, there were increases in arrests for manslaughter/assault and battery (5%) and robbery (1%) from 2022 to 2023 (Appendix Table 20). All other categories decreased during this period, including rape (-18%), homicide (-8%), and aggravated assault (<-1%). Juvenile arrests increased for aggravated assault (50%) and manslaughter/assault and battery (22%), while robbery arrests decreased by 3% (Appendix Table 33). Due to small sample sizes for homicide and rape arrests among juveniles (12 and 2, respectively), year-over-year comparisons were not made.

12,860 12,127 12,045 11,810 11,861 846 1,044 838 560 588 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 **-**Adult Juvenile

Figure 6: Number of arrests for violent offenses for adults and juveniles (2019-2023)

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Property offenses

Property offenses include three felony-level offenses (burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft) and one misdemeanor-level offense (petty theft/burglary). In 2023, adult arrests for property crimes reached their lowest level in the past five years, reflecting a 9% decrease from the year prior and a 43% decline from 2019 (Figure 7 and Appendix Table 19). Conversely, juvenile arrests for property crimes increased by 30% from the previous year, reaching the highest total since 2019 (Appendix Table 32).

For adults, arrests for motor vehicle theft and burglary offenses saw notable decreases (dropping by 45% and 11%, respectively), while arrests for larceny thefts and petty theft/burglary offenses increased (by 9% and 5%, respectively) (Appendix Table 21). In contrast, juvenile arrests for property offenses rose across all observed categories (Appendix Table 34).

offenses rose across all observed categories (Appendix Table 34).

Figure 7: Number of arrests for property offenses for adults and juveniles (2019-2023)

6,577



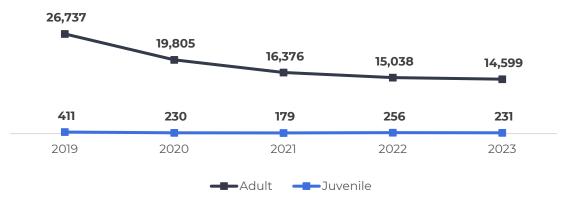
Alcohol/drug-related offenses

In 2023, there were 14,599 adult arrests and 231 juvenile arrests for alcohol/drug-related offenses (Figure 8). Both figures reflect declines from 2022—adult arrests decreased by 3%, while juvenile arrests dropped by 10% (Appendix Tables 19 and 32).

The alcohol/drug-related offense category includes five felonies and five misdemeanors. Among adults, five out of eight comparable categories showed a decrease from 2022. These declines ranged from less than 1% for driving under the influence to a 9% decrease for dangerous drug offenses. Three categories saw increases, ranging from 14% for "Other" drug offenses to 78% for liquor law violations (Appendix Table 22).

For juveniles, arrests for drunk offenses increased by 21%, while arrests for liquor law violations decreased by -21% (Appendix Table 35). The numbers for other categories were too small to draw meaningful comparisons across years.

Figure 8: Number of arrests for alcohol/drug-related offenses for adults and juveniles (2019-2023)

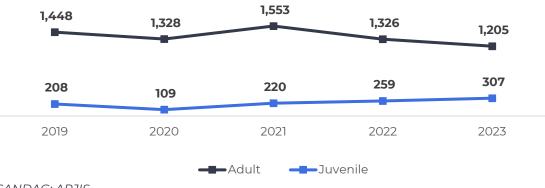


Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Weapons offenses

In 2023, there were 1,205 adult and 307 juvenile arrests for weapons violations (Figure 9), representing a 9% decrease in adult arrests and a 19% increase in juvenile arrests compared to the previous year (Appendix Tables 19 and 32). For adults, arrests for both felony and misdemeanor-level weapons offenses were down from 2022 (-8% and -17%, respectively) (Appendix Table 23). Conversely, among juveniles, there were increases for both felonies (20%), and misdemeanors (16%) (Appendix Table 36).

Figure 9: Number of arrests for weapons offenses for adults and juveniles (2019-2023)



Other offenses

There were 22,087 adult and 988 juvenile arrests for "Other" offenses in 2023 (Figure 10). Compared to 2022, total adult arrests for "Other" offenses saw a marginal increase of 3%, while juvenile arrests saw an increase of 24% (Appendix Tables 24 and 37). Within this category, 4 offenses are classified at the felony level, and 10 at the misdemeanor level.

For adults, there were decreases in all felony-level offenses, including arson (-15%), "Other" felonies (-9%), forgery (-8%), and sex-related offenses (<-1%). At the misdemeanor level, there were decreases in prostitution (-34%), hit-and-run (-34%) and disturbing the peace (-7%); all other categories experienced increases, ranging from 2% for vandalism/graffiti offenses to 26% for selected traffic offenses (Appendix Table 24).

Among juvenile arrests, four of five categories that had numbers large enough for comparison experienced increases, ranging from 21% ("Other" felonies) to 42% (disturbing the peace), while one category (related to city/county ordinances) experienced a decrease (-16%) (Appendix Table 37).

38.010 22,516 22,087 21,504 22,650 1,275 877 988 676 794 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 **■**Adult Juvenile

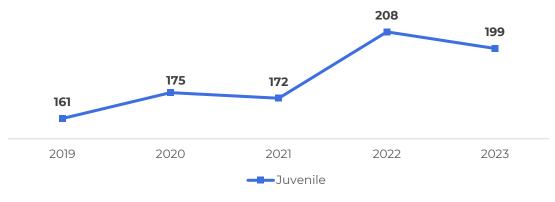
Figure 10: Number of arrests for "Other" offenses for adults and juveniles (2019-2023)

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Status offenses

A status offense refers to an act that is deemed unlawful solely due to the individual's status as a minor, such as truancy or curfew violations. In 2023, there were 199 status offense arrests (all of which were curfew arrests), marking a slight decrease of 4% from 2022 (Figure 11 and Appendix Table 38).





Arrests across race/ethnicity, gender and age

Race/Ethnicity

To better understand the relationship between demographic factors and arrest rates, this analysis examines arrest rates across race/ethnicity, gender, and age. ⁶ When interpreting these data, it is crucial to acknowledge the broader context of historical racial disparities within the United States criminal justice system. Complex social, economic, and geographic factors contribute to disparities in arrest rates and cannot be fully understood from these arrest statistics alone.

From 2022 to 2023, arrest rates increased for Hispanic and "Other" ethnicities (by 2% and 10%, respectively), while rates decreased for Black and White individuals (<-1% and -5%, respectively) (Appendix Table 2A). The findings reveal a notable disproportionality in arrest rates, with Black individuals exhibiting the highest arrest rate, while those identifying as "Other" have consistently had the lowest (Figure 12). Demographic data for adults and juveniles are presented separately in Appendix Table 2A.

111.86

72.97 72.66

34.17

24.46 24.99

26.75

15.63 14.87

13.40

8.03 8.82

Black

Hispanic

White

Other

Figure 12: Arrest rates per 1,000 population, by race/ethnicity (2019, 2022 and 2023)

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS; SANDAG Population and Housing Estimates v2023

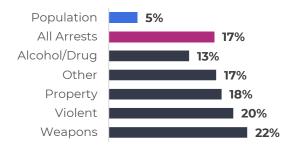
To further examine the types of crimes for which individuals of different races and ethnicities were arrested, Figures 13A through 13D compare the proportions of each racial/ethnic group in the region's population to their proportions in arrests, highlighting any disparities in representation. Key findings include:

- Black individuals represented 5% of the population in the San Diego region in 2023 and 17% of all arrests. They were overrepresented in all arrest categories, ranging from 13% for arrests related to alcohol/drug to 22% for weapons arrests.
- Hispanic individuals represented 34% of the population and 42% of all arrests in 2023. They
 were overrepresented in all categories, ranging from 41% (for property, violent, and "other"
 offenses) to 51% for weapons.
- Individuals in the "Other" race/ethnicity category represented 17% of the population and 8% of all arrests in 2023. These individuals were underrepresented in each of the five arrest categories.
- White individuals represented 44% of the population and 33% of all arrests made in 2023. White individuals were underrepresented in each of the five arrest categories.

⁶ The categories presented here reflect terminology used by the U.S. Census, which is the foundation for SANDAG population estimates. The "Other" category includes population estimates for individuals who identify as Asian/Pacific Islander, Native American, and Two or more/Other.

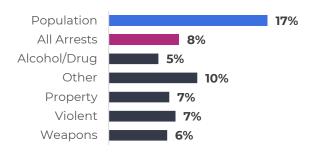
⁷ Race/ethnicity information is compiled from law enforcement records, which may vary in terms of whether individuals self-identified or if an assumption was made by an officer.

Figure 13A: Proportion of Black individuals in population and across arrest types (2023)



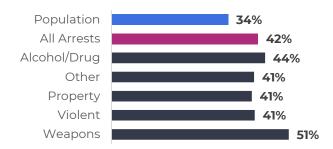
Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS; SANDAG Population and Housing Estimates v2023

Figure 13C: Proportion of individuals of "Other" race/ethnicity in population and across arrest types (2023)



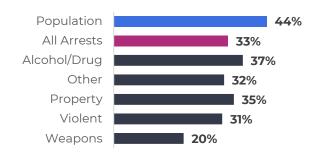
Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS; SANDAG Population and Housing Estimates v2023

Figure 13B: Proportion of Hispanic individuals in population and across arrest types (2023)



Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS; SANDAG Population and Housing Estimates v2023

Figure 13D: Proportion of White individuals in population and across arrest types (2023)

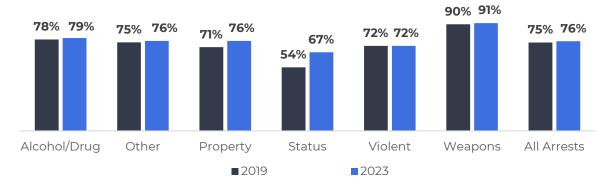


Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS; SANDAG Population and Housing Estimates v2023

Arrests by gender

Both in 2019 and 2023, about three-fourths of arrested individuals were male (Figure 14). Across the different arrest categories in 2023, males were most notably overrepresented in weapons offenses, accounting for 91% of arrests, while their smallest share was observed in status offenses, where they represented 67%.

Figure 14: Percentage of male arrests by crime type (2019 and 2023)



Arrests by age

In 2023, arrest distributions across age groups closely mirrored those of 2019, with about one in three (34%) arrestees falling within the 40-69 age group, followed by 30% in the 30-39 age group (Figure 15). Younger adults—particularly those in a combined 20-39 age range—were overrepresented in arrests relative to their proportion of the region's population. In contrast, youth (10-17) and older age groups (40 and over) were less represented in arrests relative to their population size.

35% _{34%} 30% **30**% 28% **27**% 17% 14% 14% **12**% **4**% 3% 3% 3% 1% 1% 10-17 18-19 20-29 30-39 40-69 70+ ■ Population 2023 **2019**

Figure 15: Percentage of arrests by age group (2019 and 2023)

Note: Total percentages may not total 100 due to rounding. Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS; SANDAG Population Estimates 2023

Summary

This CJ Bulletin provides a comprehensive analysis of arrest trends in the San Diego region for 2023, with comparisons to previous years. The total number of adult arrests saw a slight decline of less than 1% from 2022, marking the lowest figure in the five-year observation period. In contrast, juvenile arrests increased for the second consecutive year, primarily driven by a rise in violent and "Other" offenses. Over the past five years (2019 to 2023), misdemeanor arrest rates have dropped by nearly half; after a sharp decline in 2020, the rate has remained consistently lower than pre-pandemic levels. Conversely, felony arrest rates have remained relatively stable during this same period. Demographically, arrestees were more likely to be male and in a combined 20-39 age range, with Hispanic and Black individuals disproportionately represented relative to their share of the region's population. These observations underscore an ongoing shift toward fewer misdemeanor arrests, an increase in juvenile arrests linked to violent crime, and enduring gender and racial disparities.

Additional notes on the methodology

All data from 2019 to 2023 were analyzed from an ARJIS extract of all regional arrests and citations in March 2024.

In an attempt to replicate methodology used in prior reports, only arrests and citations that were indicated as "Reported to the State Monthly Arrest and Citations Register (MACR)" within the ARJIS database in the MACR status field were included in this report. Arrests/citations with a MACR status of "booked" and "other" were kept in the analysis, while those with a status of "cited" were removed to avoid duplication. Arrests with "infraction" as the highest charge level or one that could not be determined were also excluded from the analysis.

This report should not be directly compared to prior reports, as changes in data and methodologies may affect the figures. For instance, juvenile arrest records may be sealed once an individual reaches 18 years of age, or an increased proportion of arrests may be categorized as "Other" compared to previous years. Additionally, the data source for this report (ARJIS) differs from the source used for CJ Arrest Bulletins prior to 2020 (DOJ). Furthermore, SANDAG's annual population estimates are now benchmarked to the 2020 Census rather than the 2010 Census, reflecting improved methodologies and geographies. Population estimates for years prior to 2020 were not retroactively revised.

It should also be noted that the numbers in this report represent a snapshot of arrests at the time the data were extracted from ARJIS, whereas the previous DOJ dataset was a static source. Discrepancies may also exist between this report and other sources, as there is a possibility that an arrest could be counted multiple times if both an arrest and citation record were created for the same event. Additionally, the ARJIS charge table is not synchronized with the California Master Charge Table, and assumptions were made to replicate previously reported categories.

Appendices

Table 1
Total Arrest Rates per 1,000 Population by Jurisdiction 2019, 2022, and 2023

Jurisdiction	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	8.04	10.73	10.50	31%	-2%
Chula Vista	20.54	15.03	15.83	-23%	5%
Coronado	26.56	21.50	18.16	-32%	-16%
El Cajon	38.96	26.50	25.30	-35%	-5%
Escondido	45.56	32.69	29.90	-34%	-9%
La Mesa	43.34	20.09	28.75	-34%	43%
National City	39.56	25.57	27.66	-30%	8%
Oceanside	36.40	19.91	19.15	-47%	-4%
San Diego	31.05	18.88	18.88	-39%	0%
Sheriff - Total	30.16	20.15	19.77	-34%	-2%
Del Mar	35.31	28.00	24.49	-31%	-13%
Encinitas	25.31	22.09	20.05	-21%	-9%
Imperial Beach	36.21	24.51	29.13	-20%	19%
Lemon Grove	53.18	31.52	36.58	-31%	16%
Poway	16.30	13.89	13.49	-17%	-3%
San Marcos	18.79	19.69	17.59	-6%	-11%
Santee	33.21	16.84	19.04	-43%	13%
Solana Beach	14.38	11.37	12.58	-13%	11%
Vista	39.42	26.98	27.32	-31%	1%
Unincorporated	19.24	11.58	11.18	-42%	-3%
San Diego County	31.16	19.93	19.90	-36%	<-1%

Notes: Rates include felony, misdemeanor, and status offense arrests. The populations used to calculate arrest rates include individuals ten years and older (10-17 for juveniles and 18 and older for adults). Camp Pendleton population is not included in the total rates.

Table 2A
Total Arrest Rates per 1,000 Population, by Race/Ethnicity 2019, 2022, and 2023

Race/Ethnicity	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
White	26.75	15.63	14.87	-44%	-5%
Adult	28.84	16.73	15.85	-45%	-5%
Juvenile	5.07	4.08	4.82	-5%	18%
Hispanic	34.17	24.46	24.99	-27 %	2%
Adult	38.60	27.09	27.28	-29%	<1%
Juvenile	12.11	10.53	12.61	4%	20%
Black	111.86	72.97	72.66	-35%	<-1%
Adult	123.10	78.41	77.66	-37%	<-1%
Juvenile	32.18	32.35	35.08	9%	8%
Other	13.40	8.03	8.82	-34%	10%
Adult	14.82	8.75	9.47	-36%	8%
Juvenile	3.87	2.73	3.97	2%	45%
Total	31.16	19.93	19.90	-36%	<-1%
Adult	34.19	21.51	21.29	-38%	-1%
Juvenile	9.32	8.06	9.55	2%	18%

Notes: Rates include felony, misdemeanor, and status offense arrests. The populations used to calculate arrest rates include individuals ten years and older (10-17 for juveniles and 18 and older for adults). Camp Pendleton population is not included in the total rates.

Sources: SANDAG; SANDAG Population Estimates 2023; ARJIS

Table 2B Total Arrest Rates per 1,000 Population, by Age 2019, 2022, and 2023

Age	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
10-17	9.32	8.06	9.55	2%	18%
18-19	26.08	20.23	21.23	-19%	5%
20-29	58.48	37.60	36.49	-38%	-3%
30-39	55.63	36.90	35.91	-35%	-3%
40-69	26.40	16.01	16.45	-38%	3%
70+	1.93	1.12	1.29	-33%	15%
Total	31.16	19.93	19.90	-36%	<-1%

Notes: Rates include felony, misdemeanor, and status offense arrests. The populations used to calculate arrest rates include individuals ten years and older (10-17 for juveniles and 18 and older for adults). Camp Pendleton population is not included in the total rates.

Table 3
Felony Arrest Rates per 1,000 Population, by Jurisdiction 2019, 2022, and 2023

Jurisdiction	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	2.89	4.11	3.96	37%	-4%
Chula Vista	6.77	6.32	6.56	-3%	4%
Coronado	6.75	3.94	4.44	-34%	13%
El Cajon	14.75	15.22	14.09	-5%	-7%
Escondido	12.09	12.71	11.62	-4%	-9%
La Mesa	12.98	9.29	11.34	-13%	22%
National City	12.78	11.37	12.93	1%	14%
Oceanside	9.16	9.68	8.89	-3%	-8%
San Diego	7.39	7.62	7.30	-1%	-4%
Sheriff - Total	10.75	9.75	8.84	-18%	-9%
Del Mar	6.19	5.39	4.04	_	_
Encinitas	4.98	4.98	5.46	10%	10%
Imperial Beach	10.04	9.09	10.25	2%	13%
Lemon Grove	16.08	13.99	13.51	-16%	-3%
Poway	3.19	4.21	3.94	24%	-6%
San Marcos	5.37	6.77	5.31	-1%	-22%
Santee	9.05	7.47	7.88	-13%	5%
Solana Beach	4.36	3.04	3.59	-18%	18%
Vista	11.64	9.85	9.42	-19%	-4%
Unincorporated	7.78	6.80	5.97	-23%	-12%
San Diego County	8.94	8.72	8.29	-7 %	-5%

Notes: The populations used to calculate arrest rates include individuals ten years and older (10-17 for juveniles and 18 and older for adults). Camp Pendleton population is not included in the total rates. Rates per 1,000 persons are not compared if either comparison number of arrests is less than 30.

Table 4 Misdemeanor Arrest Rates per 1,000 Population, by Jurisdiction 2019, 2022, and 2023

Jurisdiction	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	5.14	6.61	6.53	27%	-1%
Chula Vista	13.74	8.49	9.14	-33%	8%
Coronado	19.81	17.56	13.72	-31%	-22%
El Cajon	24.19	11.29	11.21	-54%	<-1%
Escondido	33.47	19.94	18.28	-45%	-8%
La Mesa	30.37	10.79	17.41	-43%	61%
National City	26.72	13.88	14.66	-45%	6%
Oceanside	27.23	10.20	10.26	-62%	<1%
San Diego	23.55	11.17	11.47	-51%	3%
Sheriff - Total	19.40	10.38	10.90	-44%	5%
Del Mar	29.12	22.62	20.45	-30%	-10%
Encinitas	20.33	17.10	14.48	-29%	-15%
Imperial Beach	26.18	15.42	18.79	-28%	22%
Lemon Grove	37.10	17.53	23.07	-38%	32%
Poway	13.11	9.68	9.55	-27%	-1%
San Marcos	13.39	12.92	12.23	-9%	-5%
Santee	24.16	9.37	11.16	-54%	19%
Solana Beach	10.02	8.33	8.98	-10%	8%
Vista	27.77	17.07	17.89	-36%	5%
Unincorporated	11.45	4.77	5.17	-55%	8%
San Diego County	22.16	11.14	11.54	-48%	4 %

Notes: The populations used to calculate arrest rates include individuals ten years and older (10-17 for juveniles and 18 and older for adults). Camp Pendleton population is not included in the total rates. Sources: SANDAG; SANDAG Population Estimates 2023; ARJIS

Table 5 Adult Arrest Rates per 1,000 Population, by Jurisdiction 2019, 2022, and 2023

Jurisdiction	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	8.76	12.04	11.46	31%	-5%
Chula Vista	22.18	15.33	16.15	-27%	5%
Coronado	27.66	22.90	19.34	-30%	-16%
El Cajon	43.37	29.57	27.65	-36%	-7%
Escondido	50.35	35.47	32.58	-35%	-8%
La Mesa	46.58	22.51	32.07	-31%	42%
National City	43.77	26.82	28.58	-35%	7%
Oceanside	40.65	22.24	21.29	-48%	-4%
San Diego	33.96	20.29	20.09	-41%	<-1%
Sheriff - Total	33.18	21.84	21.16	-36%	-3%
Del Mar	36.40	29.23	25.16	-31%	-14%
Encinitas	27.36	24.01	21.38	-22%	-11%
Imperial Beach	39.75	26.40	30.16	-24%	14%
Lemon Grove	60.09	36.09	41.65	-31%	15%
Poway	17.40	14.16	14.07	-19%	<-1%
San Marcos	20.27	20.41	17.62	-13%	-14%
Santee	36.08	18.56	20.32	-44%	10%
Solana Beach	15.63	12.40	13.63	-13%	10%
Vista	44.27	30.02	30.13	-32%	<1%
Unincorporated	20.92	12.48	11.80	-44%	-6%
San Diego County	34.19	21.51	21.29	-38%	-1%

Notes: Rates includes felony and misdemeanor arrests. The populations used to calculate adult arrest rates include individuals 18 years and older. Camp Pendleton population is not included in the total rates.

Sources: SANDAG; SANDAG Population Estimates 2023; ARJIS

Table 6 Adult Felony Arrest Rates per 1,000 Population, by Jurisdiction 2019, 2022, and 2023

Jurisdiction	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	3.15	4.58	4.44	41%	-3%
Chula Vista	7.37	6.86	7.05	-4%	3%
Coronado	7.03	4.14	4.83	-31%	17%
El Cajon	16.40	16.89	15.29	-7%	-9%
Escondido	13.27	13.78	12.45	-6%	-10%
La Mesa	13.78	10.38	12.52	-9%	21%
National City	14.29	12.15	13.41	-6%	10%
Oceanside	10.25	10.78	9.81	-4%	-9%
San Diego	8.06	8.19	7.68	-5%	-6%
Sheriff - Total	11.95	10.61	9.51	-20%	-10%
Del Mar	6.57	5.50	4.05	_	_
Encinitas	5.45	5.43	5.86	8%	8%
Imperial Beach	11.37	9.99	11.05	-3%	11%
Lemon Grove	17.94	16.01	15.42	-14%	-4%
Poway	3.38	4.14	4.08	21%	-2%
San Marcos	5.87	6.94	5.00	-15%	-28%
Santee	10.09	8.31	8.64	-14%	4%
Solana Beach	4.77	3.20	3.84	-19%	20%
Vista	13.18	10.89	10.24	-22%	-6%
Unincorporated	8.55	7.39	6.39	-25%	-14%
San Diego County	9.83	9.45	8.86	-10%	-6%

Notes: The populations used to calculate adult arrest rates include individuals 18 years and older. Camp Pendleton population is not included in the total rates. Rates per 1,000 persons are not compared if either comparison number of arrests is less than 30.

Table 7 Adult Misdemeanor Arrest Rates per 1,000 Population, by Jurisdiction 2019, 2022, and 2023

Jurisdiction	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	5.60	7.46	7.02	25%	-6%
Chula Vista	14.80	8.48	9.10	-39%	7%
Coronado	20.64	18.76	14.50	-30%	-23%
El Cajon	26.97	12.68	12.36	-54%	-3%
Escondido	37.08	21.69	20.13	-46%	-7%
La Mesa	32.81	12.13	19.55	-40%	61%
National City	29.48	14.68	15.17	-49%	3%
Oceanside	30.40	11.46	11.49	-62%	<1%
San Diego	25.89	12.10	12.41	-52%	3%
Sheriff - Total	21.23	11.23	11.65	-45%	4%
Del Mar	29.83	23.73	21.11	-29%	-11%
Encinitas	21.91	18.58	15.52	-29%	-17%
Imperial Beach	28.38	16.41	19.12	-33%	16%
Lemon Grove	42.15	20.08	26.23	-38%	31%
Poway	14.01	10.02	9.99	-29%	<-1%
San Marcos	14.40	13.48	12.62	-12%	-6%
Santee	26.00	10.25	11.68	-55%	14%
Solana Beach	10.86	9.20	9.79	-10%	6%
Vista	31.10	19.12	19.89	-36%	4%
Unincorporated	12.37	5.10	5.41	-56%	6%
San Diego County	24.36	12.06	12.43	-49%	3%

Notes: The populations used to calculate adult arrest rates include individuals 18 years and older. Camp Pendleton population is not included in the total rates.

Table 8 Juvenile Arrest Rates per 1,000 Population, by Jurisdiction 2019, 2022, and 2023

Jurisdiction	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2022	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	2.43	2.19	4.23	_	93%
Chula Vista	11.31	13.16	13.86	23%	5%
Coronado	12.14	6.37	4.81	_	_
El Cajon	9.11	6.66	9.82	8%	47%
Escondido	17.94	14.94	12.52	-30%	-16%
La Mesa	11.48	2.28	4.76	-58%	_
National City	14.49	16.86	21.27	47%	26%
Oceanside	7.84	3.78	4.30	-45%	14%
San Diego	7.97	6.78	8.56	7%	26%
Sheriff - Total	9.23	8.22	9.88	7%	20%
Del Mar	17.70	11.58	15.50	_	_
Encinitas	7.51	6.74	9.47	26%	40%
Imperial Beach	12.98	11.89	22.08	70%	86%
Lemon Grove	9.10	3.95	6.23	_	_
Poway	8.70	12.05	9.66	11%	-20%
San Marcos	10.11	15.21	17.39	72%	14%
Santee	11.91	4.13	9.42	-21%	_
Solana Beach	0.95	2.50	3.93	_	_
Vista	10.62	8.17	9.46	-11%	16%
Unincorporated	7.31	4.88	6.55	-10%	34%
San Diego County	9.32	8.06	9.55	2%	18%

Notes: Rates include felony, misdemeanor, and status offense arrests. The populations used to calculate juvenile arrest rates includes individuals 10 to 17 years. Camp Pendleton population is not included in the total rates. Rates per 1,000 persons are not compared if either comparison number of arrests is less than 30. Sources: SANDAG; SANDAG Population Estimates 2023; ARJIS

Table 9 Juvenile Felony Arrest Rates per 1,000 Population, by Jurisdiction 2019, 2022, and 2023

Jurisdiction	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	0.87	1.09	0.88	_	_
Chula Vista	3.36	3.10	3.57	6%	15%
Coronado	3.20	1.74	0.00	_	_
El Cajon	3.64	4.41	6.18	70%	40%
Escondido	5.26	5.85	6.23	18%	7%
La Mesa	5.12	1.30	2.86	_	_
National City	3.79	5.93	9.57	_	62%
Oceanside	1.87	2.08	2.55	36%	23%
San Diego	2.03	2.76	4.05	100%	47%
Sheriff - Total	2.49	3.68	4.00	61%	9%
Del Mar	0.00	3.86	3.88	_	_
Encinitas	0.87	1.32	2.29	_	_
Imperial Beach	1.27	3.06	4.83	_	_
Lemon Grove	4.22	1.82	2.08	_	_
Poway	1.85	4.71	3.04	_	_
San Marcos	2.49	5.71	7.23	191%	27%
Santee	1.34	1.32	2.15	_	_
Solana Beach	0.00	1.66	1.57	_	_
Vista	2.56	3.42	4.22	65%	24%
Unincorporated	2.27	2.43	2.81	24%	16%
San Diego County	2.56	3.21	4.04	58%	26%

Notes: The populations used to calculate juvenile arrest rates include individuals 10-17 years. Camp Pendleton population is not included in the total rates. Rates per 1,000 persons are not compared if either comparison number of arrests is less than 30.

Table 10 Juvenile Misdemeanor Arrest Rates per 1,000 Population, by Jurisdiction 2019, 2022, and 2023

Jurisdiction	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	1.56	1.09	3.35	_	_
Chula Vista	7.71	8.56	9.38	22%	10%
Coronado	8.95	4.63	4.81	_	_
El Cajon	5.38	2.25	3.64	-32%	_
Escondido	12.68	8.75	6.29	-50%	-28%
La Mesa	6.35	0.98	1.91	_	_
National City	10.31	8.36	11.09	8%	33%
Oceanside	5.92	1.49	1.75	-70%	_
San Diego	4.93	3.12	3.51	-29%	12%
Sheriff - Total	6.68	4.38	5.57	-17%	27%
Del Mar	17.70	7.72	11.63	_	_
Encinitas	6.64	5.26	6.21	-7%	18%
Imperial Beach	11.72	8.83	16.56	41%	_
Lemon Grove	4.87	2.13	4.15	_	_
Poway	6.85	7.34	6.62	-3%	-10%
San Marcos	7.46	9.50	9.82	32%	3%
Santee	10.56	2.81	7.27	-31%	_
Solana Beach	0.95	0.83	2.36	_	_
Vista	8.07	4.33	5.15	-36%	19%
Unincorporated	4.94	2.37	3.39	-31%	43%
San Diego County	6.29	4.23	4.92	-22%	16%

Notes: The populations used to calculate juvenile arrest rates include individuals 10-17 years. Camp Pendleton population is not included in the total rates. Rates per 1,000 persons are not compared if either comparison number of arrests is less than 30.

Table 11 Juvenile Status Offense Arrest Rates per 1,000 Population, by Jurisdiction 2019, 2022, and 2023

Jurisdiction	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	_
Chula Vista	0.23	1.51	0.91	_	-39%
Coronado	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	_
El Cajon	0.09	0.00	0.00	_	_
Escondido	0.00	0.34	0.00	_	_
La Mesa	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	_
National City	0.39	2.58	0.61	_	_
Oceanside	0.05	0.21	0.00	_	_
San Diego	1.02	0.90	1.01	<-1%	13%
Sheriff - Total	0.07	0.15	0.31	_	_
Del Mar	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	_
Encinitas	0.00	0.16	0.98	_	_
Imperial Beach	0.00	0.00	0.69	_	_
Lemon Grove	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	_
Poway	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	_
San Marcos	0.17	0.00	0.34	_	_
Santee	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	_
Solana Beach	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	_
Vista	0.00	0.42	0.08	_	_
Unincorporated	0.10	0.08	0.35	_	_
San Diego County	0.46	0.62	0.59	27 %	-5%

Notes: The populations used to calculate juvenile arrest rates include individuals 10-17 years. Camp Pendleton population is not included in the total rates. Rates per 1,000 persons are not compared if either comparison number of arrests is less than 30.

Table 12 Number of Adult Arrests by Jurisdiction 2019, 2022, and 2023

Jurisdiction	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	783	1,073	1,028	31%	-4%
Chula Vista	4,313	3,154	3,373	-22%	7%
Coronado	567	426	364	-36%	-15%
El Cajon	3,383	2,299	2,152	-36%	-6%
Escondido	5,501	3,990	3,708	-33%	-7%
La Mesa	2,235	1,017	1,458	-35%	43%
National City	1,994	1,230	1,311	-34%	7%
Oceanside	5,407	2,894	2,773	-49%	-4%
San Diego	37,368	22,078	22,018	-41%	<-1%
Sheriff - Total	22,758	15,084	14,742	-35%	-2%
Del Mar	133	101	87	-35%	-14%
Encinitas	1,360	1,167	1,043	-23%	-11%
Imperial Beach	825	518	598	-28%	15%
Lemon Grove	1,179	717	840	-29%	17%
Poway	653	523	521	-20%	<-1%
San Marcos	1,434	1,436	1,265	-12%	-12%
Santee	1,592	829	924	-42%	11%
Solana Beach	177	128	142	-20%	11%
Vista	3,286	2,235	2,271	-31%	2%
Unincorporated	7,409	4,526	4,299	-42%	-5%
Other Sheriff	4,710	2,904	2,752	-42%	-5%
San Diego Harbor Police	1,323	622	784	-41%	26%
Total	85,632	53,867	53,711	-37%	<-1%

Notes: The total includes felony and misdemeanor arrests.

Table 13 Number of Adult Felony Arrests, by Offense Type, by Jurisdiction 2023

Jurisdiction	Homicide	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Weapons Offenses	Burglary	Larceny	Vehicle Theft	Drug Law Violations	DUI	Other	Total
Carlsbad	0	1	26	112	8	31	69	15	17	14	105	398
Chula Vista	8	4	53	511	61	40	88	32	128	29	518	1,472
Coronado	0	0	2	22	0	5	6	0	19	0	37	91
El Cajon	0	3	41	316	57	39	124	22	92	10	486	1,190
Escondido	0	2	56	449	84	59	102	23	83	41	518	1,417
La Mesa	2	0	35	168	12	48	44	5	16	7	232	569
National City	2	0	39	215	28	34	36	11	21	11	218	615
Oceanside	7	3	37	482	45	51	74	15	30	47	486	1,277
San Diego	40	22	405	2,550	495	349	485	213	492	25	3,345	8,421
Sheriff - Total	17	11	193	2,029	289	287	602	165	443	54	2,537	6,627
Del Mar	0	0	0	6	1	1	0	0	0	1	5	14
Encinitas	0	0	16	93	12	20	25	1	16	5	98	286
Imperial Beach	0	0	8	87	11	5	12	2	5	6	83	219
Lemon Grove	0	0	11	98	13	11	16	5	14	4	139	311
Poway	0	1	2	57	10	12	8	3	12	0	46	151
San Marcos	2	1	16	131	23	19	26	6	28	7	100	359
Santee	0	0	21	118	12	11	46	2	13	4	166	393
Solana Beach	0	0	1	17	1	2	2	0	2	0	15	40
Vista	4	2	29	279	41	24	59	16	46	20	252	772
Unincorporated	5	4	54	839	112	88	234	39	145	2	805	2,327
Other Sheriff	6	3	35	304	53	94	174	91	162	5	828	1,755
San Diego Harbor Police	0	1	7	66	21	22	19	1	8	3	123	271
Total	76	47	894	6,920	1,100	965	1,649	502	1,349	241	8,605	22,348

Notes: Homicide includes manslaughter (vehicular and non-vehicular). Other felony offenses include: kidnapping, forgery/checks/access cards, other theft-related offenses, vandalism, arson, annoying a child, lewd conduct and other sex-related crimes, hit-and-run, escape, bookmaking, and other felonies. Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Table 14 Number of Adult Misdemeanor Arrests, by Offense Type, by Jurisdiction San Diego Region, 2023

Jurisdiction	Manslaughter/ Assault and Battery	Weapons Offenses	Misd. Burglary	Petty Theft	Vandalism	Drug Law Violations	Drunk/ Liquor Laws	DUI	Prostitution	Other	Total
Carlsbad	65	1	0	16	3	102	222	99	0	122	630
Chula Vista	258	5	0	19	14	93	113	306	0	1,093	1,901
Coronado	22	0	0	12	0	43	3	71	0	122	273
El Cajon	147	3	0	12	12	30	248	69	0	441	962
Escondido	228	12	0	35	7	467	634	444	0	464	2,291
La Mesa	123	3	0	18	1	48	214	148	0	334	889
National City	75	1	0	8	4	46	146	113	1	302	696
Oceanside	153	2	0	47	5	72	423	294	0	500	1,496
San Diego	1,832	44	0	263	76	1,592	2,295	1,185	32	6,278	13,597
Sheriff - Total	1,166	32	0	223	28	1,284	1,068	905	7	3,402	8,115
Del Mar	4	1	0	1	0	5	20	15	0	27	73
Encinitas	71	2	0	25	0	69	180	152	6	252	757
Imperial Beach	31	3	0	2	1	45	47	114	1	135	379
Lemon Grove	64	0	0	30	1	108	19	47	0	260	529
Poway	30	3	0	5	0	41	51	72	0	168	370
San Marcos	137	7	0	29	3	144	96	135	0	355	906
Santee	53	2	0	20	0	56	77	71	0	252	531
Solana Beach	16	1	0	1	0	12	31	15	0	26	102
Vista	134	1	0	15	4	306	191	184	0	664	1,499
Unincorporated	529	9	0	31	9	412	324	53	0	605	1,972
Other Sheriff	97	3	0	64	10	86	32	47	0	658	997
San Diego Harbor Police	39	2	0	6	0	56	137	39	0	234	513
Total	4,108	105	0	659	150	3,833	5,503	3,673	40	13,292	31,363

Notes: Misdemeanor drug law violations include glue sniffing, marijuana, narcotics, and other drug offenses. Other misdemeanors include: check/access cards, other theft-related offenses, indecent exposure, annoying a child, obscene matter, lewd conduct and other sex-related crimes, contributing to the delinquency of a minor, disorderly conduct, disturbing the peace, malicious mischief, trespassing, hit-and-run, joy riding, other selected traffic offenses, gambling, nonsupport, violations of city and county ordinances, failure to appear, and other misdemeanors.

Table 15 Number of Adult Felony Arrests, by Offense Type, by Jurisdiction San Diego Region, 2022

Jurisdiction	Homicide	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Weapons Offenses	Burglary	Larceny	Vehicle Theft	Drug Law Violations	DUI	Other	Total
Carlsbad	0	1	11	101	5	27	69	18	11	9	156	408
Chula Vista	6	2	85	472	71	51	72	37	103	17	494	1,410
Coronado	0	0	3	17	1	0	3	2	14	0	37	77
El Cajon	1	1	43	343	64	48	71	37	89	9	607	1,313
Escondido	2	1	70	480	113	53	87	45	90	34	575	1,550
La Mesa	1	0	21	141	7	29	32	5	14	6	213	469
National City	5	2	30	171	29	23	31	11	22	9	224	557
Oceanside	3	2	58	506	49	42	104	28	44	36	531	1,403
San Diego	43	33	384	2,527	541	403	411	375	559	23	3,610	8,909
Sheriff - Total	21	15	174	2,119	308	383	618	336	464	34	2,857	7,329
Del Mar	0	0	2	8	1	1	1	1	0	0	5	19
Encinitas	0	0	5	83	6	25	20	5	23	5	92	264
Imperial Beach	1	0	11	70	13	12	4	6	10	3	66	196
Lemon Grove	1	0	13	94	15	10	9	12	13	1	150	318
Poway	2	0	10	51	8	6	15	5	15	0	41	153
San Marcos	1	1	15	152	40	32	36	18	28	8	157	488
Santee	0	1	13	112	15	16	45	7	8	4	150	371
Solana Beach	0	0	1	13	2	2	2	1	2	1	9	33
Vista	0	4	30	290	37	47	49	36	28	8	282	811
Unincorporated	10	3	37	918	125	112	210	122	160	1	981	2,679
Other Sheriff	6	6	37	328	46	120	227	123	177	3	924	1,997
San Diego Harbor Police	e 1	0	3	68	12	28	16	14	4	2	99	247
Total	83	57	882	6,945	1,200	1,087	1,514	908	1,414	179	9,403	23,672

Notes: Homicide includes manslaughter (vehicular and non-vehicular). Other felony offenses include: kidnapping, forgery/checks/access cards, other theft-related offenses, vandalism, arson, annoying a child, lewd conduct and other sex-related crimes, hit-and-run, escape, bookmaking, and other felonies.

Table 16 Number of Adult Misdemeanor Arrests, by Offense Type, by Jurisdiction San Diego Region, 2022

Jurisdiction	Manslaughter/ Assault and Battery	Weapons Offenses	Misd. Burglary	Petty Theft	Vandalism	Drug Law Violations	Drunk/ Liquor Laws	DUI	Prostitution	Other	Total
Carlsbad	69	6	0	18	2	57	233	179	0	101	665
Chula Vista	306	7	0	12	7	86	105	249	Ο	972	1,744
Coronado	23	0	0	30	1	33	9	95	0	158	349
El Cajon	154	2	0	7	10	58	320	75	0	360	986
Escondido	195	8	0	43	9	695	554	514	0	422	2,440
La Mesa	96	2	0	11	1	35	146	101	0	156	548
National City	87	2	0	4	1	45	143	135	1	255	673
Oceanside	187	7	0	31	0	133	508	272	0	353	1,491
San Diego	1,647	66	0	208	76	1,612	2,353	1,185	50	5,972	13,169
Sheriff - Total	1,091	26	0	251	40	1,251	1,228	847	10	3,011	7,755
Del Mar	5	0	0	1	0	8	20	18	0	30	82
Encinitas	46	1	0	23	3	149	220	128	8	325	903
Imperial Beach	42	1	0	2	1	40	69	68	0	99	322
Lemon Grove	60	1	0	23	6	62	33	30	0	184	399
Poway	30	2	0	2	2	25	57	70	0	182	370
San Marcos	97	9	0	24	2	168	98	165	0	385	948
Santee	44	0	0	19	2	64	75	59	1	194	458
Solana Beach	7	0	0	2	0	9	24	18	0	35	95
Vista	149	3	0	9	5	184	268	223	0	583	1,424
Unincorporated	508	6	0	41	10	450	328	34	1	469	1,847
Other Sheriff	103	3	0	105	9	92	36	34	0	525	907
San Diego Harbor Police	39	0	0	10	0	39	113	37	0	137	375
Total	3,894	126	0	625	147	4,044	5,712	3,689	61	11,897	30,195

Notes: Misdemeanor drug law violations include glue sniffing, marijuana, narcotics, and other drug offenses. Other misdemeanors include: check/access cards, other theft-related offenses, indecent exposure, annoying a child, obscene matter, lewd conduct and other sex-related crimes, contributing to the delinquency of a minor, disorderly conduct, disturbing the peace, malicious mischief, trespassing, hit-and-run, joy riding, other selected traffic offenses, gambling, nonsupport, violations of city and county ordinances, failure to appear, and other misdemeanors.

Table 17 Number of Adult Felony Arrests, by Offense Type, by Jurisdiction San Diego Region, 2019

Jurisdiction	Homicide	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Weapons Offenses	Burglary	Larceny	Vehicle Theft	Drug Law Violations	DUI	Other	Total
	-					26	(2	07		-	11.6	202
Carlsbad	1	2	5	55	4	26	47	21	4	1	116	282
Chula Vista	3	2	73	495	84	69	81	40	143	19	425	1,434
Coronado	0	0	5	23	2	32	17	4	26	1	34	144
El Cajon	3	0	56	330	75	67	63	49	117	12	507	1,279
Escondido	4	1	65	398	83	52	90	59	92	28	578	1,450
La Mesa	2	0	33	130	35	48	50	41	41	8	273	661
National City	1	5	60	217	25	36	34	33	22	3	215	651
Oceanside	6	6	64	470	79	43	88	34	102	34	437	1,363
San Diego	21	48	367	2,350	467	396	371	274	725	20	3,835	8,874
Sheriff - Total	14	17	216	2,315	356	447	543	438	670	45	3,133	8,194
Del Mar	0	0	0	8	1	3	0	3	2	1	6	24
Encinitas	0	0	5	98	9	10	17	3	18	6	105	271
Imperial Beach	0	1	6	91	19	8	9	7	13	1	81	236
Lemon Grove	0	0	16	114	16	16	14	20	31	3	122	352
Poway	3	0	2	42	5	2	8	8	22	1	34	127
San Marcos	0	1	19	156	17	22	18	9	36	11	126	415
Santee	0	1	17	115	26	27	40	7	37	1	174	445
Solana Beach	0	0	3	23	1	2	5	3	5	0	12	54
Vista	1	0	29	368	38	68	44	21	60	15	334	978
Unincorporated	3	10	73	999	156	142	173	186	246	0	1,041	3,029
Other Sheriff	7	4	46	301	68	147	215	171	200	6	1,098	2,263
San Diego Harbor Police	0	2	5	46	33	15	26	7	13	3	128	278
Total	55	83	949	6,829	1,243	1,231	1,410	1,000	1,955	174	9,681	24,610

Notes: Homicide includes manslaughter (vehicular and non-vehicular). Other felony offenses include: kidnapping, forgery/checks/access cards, other theft-related offenses, vandalism, arson, annoying a child, lewd conduct and other sex-related crimes, hit-and-run, escape, bookmaking, and other felonies.

Table 18 Number of Adult Misdemeanor Arrests, by Offense Type, by Jurisdiction San Diego Region, 2019

Jurisdiction	Manslaughter/ Assault and Battery	Weapons Offenses	Misd. Burglary	Petty Theft	Vandalism	Drug Law Violations	Drunk/ Liquor Laws	DUI	Prostitution	Other	Total
Carlsbad	23	0	0	31	0	90	146	69	0	142	501
Chula Vista	288	11	0	65	12	366	256	273	Ο	1,608	2,879
Coronado	10	1	0	11	0	21	57	57	0	266	423
El Cajon	132	4	0	65	10	630	401	126	0	736	2,104
Escondido	213	12	0	168	17	729	627	447	7	1,831	4,051
La Mesa	136	6	0	80	4	503	200	118	0	527	1,574
National City	87	2	0	84	3	180	328	132	18	509	1,343
Oceanside	216	8	0	599	4	535	830	292	0	1,560	4,044
San Diego	2,536	120	0	1,059	143	5,303	3,586	1,458	125	14,164	28,494
Sheriff - Total	1,236	31	0	754	70	3,338	1,924	1,071	10	6,130	14,564
Del Mar	10	0	0	0	0	11	57	8	0	23	109
Encinitas	51	0	0	41	1	163	215	157	0	461	1,089
Imperial Beach	40	1	0	8	5	112	171	47	0	205	589
Lemon Grove	63	5	0	86	9	250	98	29	0	287	827
Poway	36	1	0	25	2	86	95	81	0	200	526
San Marcos	97	3	0	35	2	192	153	145	0	392	1,019
Santee	96	1	0	196	5	385	131	81	0	252	1,147
Solana Beach	6	0	0	0	1	16	35	21	0	44	123
Vista	135	2	0	92	2	418	311	402	1	945	2,308
Unincorporated	589	15	0	108	23	1,519	604	50	2	1,470	4,380
Other Sheriff	113	3	0	163	20	186	54	50	7	1,851	2,447
San Diego Harbor Police	67	10	0	20	2	225	204	86	0	431	1,045
Total	4,944	205	0	2,936	265	11,920	8,559	4,129	160	27,904	61,022

Notes: Misdemeanor drug law violations include glue sniffing, marijuana, narcotics, and other drug offenses. Other misdemeanors include: check/access cards, other theft-related offenses, indecent exposure, annoying a child, obscene matter, lewd conduct and other sex-related crimes, contributing to the delinquency of a minor, disorderly conduct, disturbing the peace, malicious mischief, trespassing, hit-and-run, joy riding, other selected traffic offenses, gambling, nonsupport, violations of city and county ordinances, failure to appear, and other misdemeanors.

Table 19 Number of Adult Arrests by Offense Type 2019, 2022, and 2023

Type of Offense	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Violent	12,860	11,861	12,045	-6%	2%
Property	6,577	4,134	3,775	-43%	-9%
Alcohol/Drug Violations	26,737	15,038	14,599	-45%	-3%
Weapons Offenses	1,448	1,326	1,205	-17%	-9%
Other	38,010	21,504	22,087	-42%	3%
Total	85,632	53,863	53,711	-37%	<-1%

Notes: Violent includes homicide/manslaughter, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, misdemeanor manslaughter, and assault and battery; property includes grand theft, felony and misdemeanor burglary, motor vehicle theft, and petty theft; alcohol/drug includes driving under the influence, drunk/liquor laws, drug-related offenses, and glue sniffing; other includes kidnapping, arson, forgery/checks/access cards, other theft-related offenses, indecent exposure, annoying a child, obscene matter, lewd conduct, sex crimes, escape, prostitution, vandalism, contributing to the delinquency of a minor, disorderly conduct, disturbing the peace, malicious mischief, trespassing, hit-and-run, joy riding, other selected traffic offenses, gambling, nonsupport, violations of city and county ordinances, failure to appear, and other offenses.

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Table 20 Number of Adult Arrests for Violent Offenses by Type 2019, 2022, and 2023

Type of Offense	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Felony Total	7,916	7,967	7,937	<1%	<-1%
Homicide	55	83	76	38%	-8%
Rape	83	57	47	-43%	-18%
Robbery	949	882	894	-6%	1%
Aggravated Assault	6,829	6,945	6,920	1%	<-1%
Misdemeanor Total	4,944	3,894	4,108	-17 %	5%
Manslaughter/Assault and Battery	4,944	3,894	4,108	-17%	5%
Total	12,860	11,861	12,045	-6%	2%

Notes: Homicide includes felony manslaughter (vehicular and non-vehicular).

Table 21 Number of Adult Arrests for Property Offenses by Type 2019, 2022, and 2023

Type of Offense	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Felony Total	3,641	3,509	3,116	-14%	-11%
Burglary	1,231	1,087	965	-22%	-11%
Larceny Theft	1,410	1,514	1,649	17%	9%
Motor Vehicle Theft	1,000	908	502	-50%	-45%
Misdemeanor Total	2,936	625	659	-77 %	5%
Petty Theft/Burglary	2,936	625	659	-78%	5%
Total	6,577	4,134	3,775	-43%	-9%

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Table 22 Number of Adult Arrests for Alcohol and Drug-Related Offenses by Type 2019, 2022, and 2023

Type of Offense	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Felony Total	2,129	1,593	1,590	-25%	<-1%
Narcotics	703	702	693	-1%	-1%
Marijuana	14	11	4	_	_
Dangerous drugs	1,152	645	588	-49%	-9%
Other Drug Offenses	86	56	64	-26%	14%
Driving under the Influence	174	179	241	39%	35%
Misdemeanor Total	24,608	13,445	13,009	-47 %	-3%
Marijuana	163	24	28	_	_
Other Drug Offenses	11,757	4,020	3,805	-68%	-5%
Drunk	8,307	5,666	5,421	-35%	-4%
Liquor Laws	252	46	82	-67%	78%
Driving under the Influence	4,129	3,689	3,673	-11%	<-1%
Total	26,737	15,038	14,599	-45%	-3%

Notes: Narcotics include heroin, morphine, cocaine/rock, and barbiturates. Dangerous drugs include methamphetamine, depressants, and hallucinogens. Other drug offenses include illegal possession of drug paraphernalia, use of illegal prescriptions and prescription drugs, sales of chemicals used to produce drugs, being under the influence, and other drug-related crimes. Other misdemeanor drug offenses include glue sniffing and other misdemeanor drug offenses. Percent changes are not presented when either comparison number is less than 30.

Table 23 Number of Adult Arrests for Weapon Offenses 2019, 2022, and 2023

Type of Charge	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Felony	1,243	1,200	1,100	-12%	-8%
Misdemeanor	205	126	105	-49%	-17%
Total	1,448	1,326	1,205	-17 %	-9%

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Table 24 Number of Adult Felony and Misdemeanor Arrests for "Other" Offenses by Type 2019, 2022, and 2023

Type of Offenses	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023	
Felony – Other Total	9,681	9,403	8,605	-11%	-8%	
Sex-Related	334	323	322	-4%	<-1%	
Forgery/Checks/Access Cards	197	111	102	-48%	-8%	
Arson	66	130	110	67%	-15%	
Other Felonies	9,084	8,835	8,071	-11%	-9%	
Misdemeanor – Other Total	28,329	12,105	13,482	-52%	11%	
Other Theft/Checks/Access Cards	200	74	76	-62%	3%	
Sex-Related	174	124	149	-14%	20%	
Prostitution	160	61	40	-75%	-34%	
Disturb Peace/Trespass/ Disorderly	1,853	355	331	-82%	-7%	
Vandalism/Graffiti	265	147	150	-43%	2%	
Hit-and-run	83	47	31	-63%	-34%	
Selected Traffic	103	57	72	-30%	26%	
City/County Ordinances	4,553	1,434	1,565	-66%	9%	
Failure to Appear/Non-Traffic	4,585	1,353	1,557	-66%	15%	
Other Misdemeanors	16,353	8,453	9,511	-42%	13%	
Total	38,010	21,508	22,087	-42%	3%	

Notes: Sex-related includes felony lewd conduct and other sex offenses, misdemeanor lewd behavior, indecent exposure, annoying a child, and obscene matter; selected traffic includes driving without insurance or license, equipment violations, and others; city and county ordinances include loitering, littering, and other codes specific to cities/county; other felony arrests include kidnapping, hit-and-run, escape, vandalism, and other felonies; other misdemeanor arrests include contributing to the delinquency of a minor, malicious mischief, joy riding, gambling, nonsupport, and other misdemeanors such as various election, building, fire, and water code violations.

Table 25 Number of Juvenile Arrests by Jurisdiction 2019, 2022, and 2023

Jurisdiction	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	28	30	58	_	93%
Chula Vista	390	446	470	20%	5%
Coronado	19	11	8	_	_
El Cajon	105	80	116	10%	45%
Escondido	341	263	221	-35%	-16%
La Mesa	56	14	30	-46%	_
National City	111	111	140	26%	26%
Oceanside	155	71	81	-48%	14%
San Diego	1,105	860	1,107	<1%	29%
Sheriff – Total	914	801	963	5%	20%
Del Mar	4	3	4	_	_
Encinitas	43	41	58	35%	41%
Imperial Beach	41	35	64	56%	83%
Lemon Grove	28	13	21	_	_
Poway	47	64	54	15%	-16%
San Marcos	122	173	202	66%	17%
Santee	71	25	57	-20%	_
Solana Beach	1	3	5	_	_
Vista	133	98	112	-16%	14%
Unincorporated	364	239	317	-13%	33%
Other Sheriff	60	107	69	15%	-36%
San Diego Harbor Police	19	13	25	_	_
Total	3,243	2,700	3,219	<-1%	19%

Notes: Total includes felony, misdemeanor, and status offense arrests. Percent changes are not presented when either comparison number is less than 30.

Table 26 Number of Juvenile Felony Arrests, by Offense Type, by Jurisdiction San Diego Region, 2023

Jurisdiction	Homicide	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Weapons Offenses	Burglary	Larceny	Vehicle Theft	Drug Law Violations	DUI	Other	Total
											_	10
Carlsbad	0	0	2	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	5	12
Chula Vista	0	0	20	55	5	2	11	13	3	1	11	121
Coronado	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
El Cajon	0	0	7	19	10	1	22	5	0	0	9	73
Escondido	2	0	7	33	42	7	3	2	0	1	13	110
La Mesa	0	0	3	3	0	3	3	2	0	0	4	18
National City	0	0	28	9	6	2	6	2	1	1	8	63
Oceanside	1	Ο	9	15	7	3	4	0	0	0	9	48
San Diego	4	2	61	134	87	16	36	69	12	0	102	523
Sheriff - Total	5	0	40	122	56	25	25	25	5	1	86	390
Del Mar	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Encinitas	0	0	0	4	3	3	1	0	0	1	2	14
Imperial Beach	0	0	4	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	14
Lemon Grove	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	7
Poway	0	0	0	7	1	1	2	3	0	0	3	17
San Marcos	0	0	5	17	21	10	1	0	0	0	30	84
Santee	0	0	1	7	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	13
Solana Beach	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Vista	0	0	8	14	11	1	4	5	1	0	6	50
Unincorporated	0	0	18	47	18	7	7	11	2	0	26	136
Other Sheriff	2	0	2	17	0	1	9	3	2	0	16	52
San Diego Harbor Police	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	3
Total	12	2	178	392	214	61	111	118	22	4	247	1,361

Notes: Homicide includes manslaughter (vehicular and non-vehicular). Other felony offenses include: kidnapping, forgery/checks/access cards, other theft-related offenses, vandalism, arson, annoying a child, lewd conduct and other sex-related crimes, hit-and-run, escape, bookmaking, and other felonies.

Table 27 Number of Juvenile Misdemeanor and Status Arrests, by Offense Type, by Jurisdiction San Diego Region, 2023

Jurisdiction	Manslaughter/ Assault and Battery	Weapons Offenses	Misd. Burglary	Petty Theft	Vandalism	Drug Law Violations	Drunk/ Liquor Laws	DUI	Prostitution	Other	Misd. Total	Status	Total
Carlsbad	6	4	0	21	1	0	4	2	0	8	46	0	46
Chula Vista	50	35	0	11	4	0	11	0	0	207	318	31	349
Coronado	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	8	0	8
El Cajon	18	1	0	4	0	1	2	0	0	17	43	0	43
Escondido	37	9	0	12	3	1	27	3	0	19	111	0	111
La Mesa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	10	12	0	12
National City	25	0	0	16	0	3	7	1	0	21	73	4	77
Oceanside	10	1	0	2	0	1	1	1	0	17	33	0	33
San Diego	114	16	0	41	25	7	66	5	1	178	453	131	584
Sheriff - Total	196	27	0	53	20	10	41	7	0	189	543	30	573
Del Mar	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	3
Encinitas	6	0	0	6	4	1	0	0	0	21	38	6	44
Imperial Beach	10	4	0	4	0	3	8	1	0	18	48	2	50
Lemon Grove	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	10	14	0	14
Poway	7	2	0	5	1	1	3	1	0	17	37	0	37
San Marcos	39	5	0	18	4	1	14	0	0	33	114	4	118
Santee	25	2	0	5	0	1	3	0	0	8	44	0	44
Solana Beach	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	3
Vista	14	1	0	9	1	0	4	4	0	28	61	1	62
Unincorporated	81	13	0	6	8	2	8	0	0	46	164	17	181
Other Sheriff	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	6	17	0	17
San Diego Harbor Police	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	17	19	3	22
Total	460	93	0	160	54	23	162	20	1	686	1,659	199	1,858

Notes: Misdemeanor drug law violations include glue sniffing, marijuana, narcotics, and other drug offenses. Other misdemeanors include: check/access cards, other theft-related offenses, indecent exposure, annoying a child, obscene matter, lewd conduct and other sex-related crimes, contributing to the delinquency of a minor, disorderly conduct, disturbing the peace, malicious mischief, trespassing, hit-and-run, joy riding, other selected traffic offenses, gambling, nonsupport, violations of city and county ordinances, failure to appear, and other misdemeanors.

Table 28 Number of Juvenile Felony Arrests, by Offense Type, by Jurisdiction San Diego Region, 2022

Jurisdiction	Homicide	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Weapons Offenses	Burglary	Larceny	Vehicle Theft	Drug Law Violations	DUI	Other	Total
Carlsbad	0	1	8	1	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	15
Chula Vista	0	0	19	32	18	3	6	3	5	0	19	105
Coronado	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
El Cajon	0	0	2	14	16	4	4	2	1	0	10	53
Escondido	4	0	10	31	30	0	1	5	2	0	20	103
La Mesa	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	8
National City	1	0	18	5	3	5	1	1	0	0	5	39
Oceanside	2	0	6	8	7	1	3	3	0	0	9	39
San Diego	2	2	66	78	67	16	25	26	13	1	54	350
Sheriff - Total	2	0	51	91	36	27	33	24	14	0	81	359
Del Mar	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Encinitas	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	0	1	0	2	8
Imperial Beach	0	0	1	3	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	9
Lemon Grove	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	6
Poway	0	0	2	2	3	3	3	0	1	0	11	25
San Marcos	0	0	15	16	10	2	4	4	1	0	13	65
Santee	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	8
Solana Beach	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
Vista	0	0	10	4	7	6	5	3	1	0	5	41
Unincorporated	0	0	14	44	13	6	5	9	3	0	25	119
Other Sheriff	1	0	8	13	2	6	9	8	6	0	22	75
San Diego Harbor Police	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	11	3	184	262	179	56	76	65	36	1	202	1,075

Notes: Homicide includes manslaughter (vehicular and non-vehicular). Other felony offenses include: kidnapping, forgery/checks/access cards, other theft-related offenses, vandalism, arson, annoying a child, lewd conduct and other sex-related crimes, hit-and-run, escape, bookmaking, and other felonies.

Table 29 Number of Juvenile Misdemeanor and Status Arrests, by Offense Type, by Jurisdiction San Diego Region, 2022

Jurisdiction	Manslaughter/ Assault and Battery	Weapons Offenses	Misd. Burglary	Petty Theft	Vandalism	Drug Law Violations	Drunk/ Liquor Laws	DUI	Prostitution	Other	Misd. Total	Status	Total
Carlsbad	1	1	0	5	0	0	6	1	0	1	15	0	15
Chula Vista	67	20	0	10	1	5	11	2	0	174	290	51	341
Coronado	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	6	8	0	8
El Cajon	4	2	0	3	0	2	3	1	0	12	27	0	27
Escondido	49	19	0	40	8	4	19	3	0	12	154	6	160
La Mesa	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	6	0	6
National City	9	4	0	23	0	1	2	0	0	16	55	17	72
Oceanside	4	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	20	28	4	32
San Diego	90	13	0	38	17	8	35	5	6	184	396	114	510
Sheriff - Total	150	20	0	29	10	15	87	2	0	114	427	15	442
Del Mar	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	2
Encinitas	6	1	0	3	3	0	6	0	0	13	32	1	33
Imperial Beach	7	1	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	14	26	0	26
Lemon Grove	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	7	0	7
Poway	7	1	0	3	1	0	13	0	0	14	39	0	39
San Marcos	46	3	0	9	1	4	35	0	0	10	108	0	108
Santee	5	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	6	17	0	17
Solana Beach	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
Vista	10	3	0	1	1	2	8	2	0	25	52	5	57
Unincorporated	58	8	0	6	2	5	17	0	0	20	116	4	120
Other Sheriff	10	0	0	7	1	0	5	0	0	4	27	5	32
San Diego Harbor Police	0	0	0	0	6	0	2	0	0	3	11	1	12
Total	378	80	0	148	42	36	167	16	6	544	1,417	208	1,625

Notes: Misdemeanor drug law violations include glue sniffing, marijuana, narcotics, and other drug offenses. Other misdemeanors include: check/access cards, other theft-related offenses, indecent exposure, annoying a child, obscene matter, lewd conduct and other sex-related crimes, contributing to the delinquency of a minor, disorderly conduct, disturbing the peace, malicious mischief, trespassing, hit-and-run, joy riding, other selected traffic offenses, gambling, nonsupport, violations of city and county ordinances, failure to appear, and other misdemeanors.

Table 30 Number of Juvenile Felony Arrests, by Offense Type, by Jurisdiction San Diego Region, 2019

Jurisdiction	Homicide	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Weapons Offenses	Burglary	Larceny	Vehicle Theft	Drug Law Violations	DUI	Other	Total
Carlsbad	0	0	4	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	10
Chula Vista	0	0	38	36	5	3	5	2	2	0	25	116
Coronado	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
El Cajon	0	0	18	10	3	2	1	2	0	0	6	42
Escondido	13	0	15	28	8	3	7	6	0	0	20	100
La Mesa	0	Ο	10	3	Ο	2	3	1	0	Ο	6	25
National City	0	1	1	7	1	3	1	4	1	0	10	29
Oceanside	Ο	Ο	4	18	3	2	3	0	1	Ο	6	37
San Diego	0	1	45	79	58	8	11	12	15	0	52	281
Sheriff - Total	0	Ο	45	55	35	16	14	17	7	0	57	246
Del Mar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Encinitas	Ο	Ο	Ο	1	Ο	4	0	0	0	Ο	0	5
Imperial Beach	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	4
Lemon Grove	Ο	Ο	0	3	1	0	5	0	0	0	4	13
Poway	0	0	1	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	5	10
San Marcos	Ο	Ο	13	7	0	0	1	0	0	0	9	30
Santee	0	0	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	8
Solana Beach	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vista	0	0	5	5	15	1	1	0	2	0	3	32
Unincorporated	0	0	18	26	17	7	7	14	0	0	24	113
Other Sheriff	0	0	5	8	1	1	0	2	5	0	9	31
San Diego Harbor Police	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	13	2	185	238	113	39	47	44	26	1	184	892

Notes: Homicide includes manslaughter (vehicular and non-vehicular). Other felony offenses include: kidnapping, forgery/checks/access cards, other theft-related offenses, vandalism, arson, annoying a child, lewd conduct and other sex-related crimes, hit-and-run, escape, bookmaking, and other felonies.

Table 31 Number of Juvenile Misdemeanor and Status Arrests, by Offense Type, by Jurisdiction San Diego Region, 2019

Jurisdiction	Manslaughter/ Assault and Battery	Weapons Offenses	Misd. Burglary	Petty Theft	Vandalism	Drug Law Violations	Drunk/ Liquor Laws	DUI	Prostitution	Other	Misd. Total	Status	Total
Carlsbad	3	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	11	18	0	18
Chula Vista	51	21	0	16	15	7	14	2	0	140	266	8	274
Coronado	3	0	0	1	0	1	3	0	0	6	14	0	14
El Cajon	15	4	0	12	1	1	0	0	0	29	62	1	63
Escondido	49	22	0	25	17	6	18	3	0	101	241	0	241
La Mesa	5	1	0	6	0	0	2	0	0	17	31	0	31
National City	6	6	0	34	4	0	6	0	0	23	79	3	82
Oceanside	19	1	0	7	0	2	6	1	0	81	117	1	118
San Diego	111	14	0	43	20	144	48	0	2	301	683	141	824
Sheriff - Total	146	25	0	68	22	26	90	1	0	283	661	7	668
Del Mar	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	4	0	4
Encinitas	2	0	0	5	0	0	10	1	0	20	38	0	38
Imperial Beach	5	4	0	2	0	1	2	0	0	23	37	0	37
Lemon Grove	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	15	0	15
Poway	2	1	0	5	1	3	8	0	0	17	37	0	37
San Marcos	23	4	0	8	7	2	19	0	0	27	90	2	92
Santee	8	3	0	15	5	4	8	0	0	20	63	0	63
Solana Beach	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Vista	19	2	0	9	2	2	14	0	0	53	101	0	101
Unincorporated	72	10	0	20	6	13	27	0	0	98	246	5	251
Other Sheriff	11	0	0	4	1	0	1	0	0	12	29	0	29
San Diego Harbor Police	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	18	0	18
Total	408	95	0	212	79	187	190	7	2	1,010	2,190	161	2,351

Notes: Misdemeanor drug law violations include glue sniffing, marijuana, narcotics, and other drug offenses. Other misdemeanors include: check/access cards, other theft-related offenses, indecent exposure, annoying a child, obscene matter, lewd conduct and other sex-related crimes, contributing to the delinquency of a minor, disorderly conduct, disturbing the peace, malicious mischief, trespassing, hit-and-run, joy riding, other selected traffic offenses, gambling, nonsupport, violations of city and county ordinances, failure to appear, and other misdemeanors.

Table 32 Number of Juvenile Arrests by Offense Type 2019, 2022, and 2023

Type of Offense	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Violent	846	838	1,044	23%	25%
Property	342	345	450	32%	30%
Alcohol/Drug Violations	411	256	231	-44%	-10%
Weapons Offenses	208	259	307	48%	19%
Status	161	208	199	24%	-4%
Other	1,275	794	988	-23%	24%
Total	3,243	2,700	3,219	<-1%	19%

Notes: Violent includes homicide/manslaughter, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, misdemeanor manslaughter, and assault and battery; property includes grand theft, felony and misdemeanor burglary, motor vehicle theft, and petty theft; alcohol/drug includes driving under the influence, drunk/liquor laws, drug-related offenses, and glue sniffing; status includes truancy, runaway, curfew violations, incorrigible behavior, and other juvenile-specific offenses (e.g., failure to obey orders of the Juvenile Court and running away from court-ordered placement); other includes kidnapping, arson, forgery/checks/access cards, other theft-related offenses, indecent exposure, annoying a child, obscene matter, lewd conduct, sex crimes, escape, prostitution, vandalism, contributing to the delinquency of a minor, disorderly conduct, disturbing the peace, malicious mischief, trespassing, hit-and-run, joy riding, other selected traffic offenses, gambling, violations of city and county ordinances, failure to appear, and other offenses.

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Table 33 Number of Juvenile Arrests for Violent Offenses by Type 2019, 2022, and 2023

Type of Offense	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Felony Total	438	460	584	33%	27 %
Homicide	13	11	12	_	_
Rape	2	3	2	_	_
Robbery	185	184	178	-4%	-3%
Aggravated Assault	238	262	392	65%	50%
Misdemeanor Total	408	378	460	13%	22%
Manslaughter/Assault and Battery	408	378	460	13%	22%
Total	846	838	1,044	23%	25%

Notes: Homicide includes felony manslaughter (vehicular and non-vehicular). Percent changes are not presented when either comparison number is less than 30.

Table 34 Number of Juvenile Arrests for Property Offenses by Type 2019, 2022, and 2023

Type of Offense	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Felony Total	130	197	290	123%	47 %
Burglary	39	56	61	56%	9%
Larceny Theft	47	76	111	136%	46%
Motor Vehicle Theft	44	65	118	168%	82%
Misdemeanor Total	212	148	160	-25%	8%
Petty Theft/Burglary	212	148	160	-25%	8%
Total	342	345	450	32 %	30%

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Table 35 Number of Juvenile Arrests for Alcohol and Drug-Related Offenses by Type 2019, 2022, and 2023

Type of Offense	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Felony Total	27	37	26	_	_
Narcotics	10	22	12	_	_
Marijuana	6	2	1	_	_
Dangerous Drugs	10	12	9	_	_
Other Drug Offenses	0	0	Ο	_	_
Driving Under the Influence	1	1	4	_	_
Misdemeanor Total	384	219	205	- 47 %	-6%
Marijuana	134	2	4	_	_
Other Drug Offenses	53	34	19	_	_
Drunk	96	72	87	-9%	21%
Liquor Laws	94	95	75	-20%	-21%
Driving Under the Influence	7	16	20	_	_
Total	411	256	231	-44%	-10%

Notes: Narcotics include heroin, morphine, cocaine/rock, and barbiturates. Dangerous drugs include methamphetamine, depressants, and hallucinogens. Other drug offenses include illegal possession of drug paraphernalia, use of illegal prescriptions and prescription drugs, sale of chemicals used to produce drugs, under-the-influence, and other drug-related crimes. Other misdemeanor drug offenses include glue sniffing and other misdemeanor drug offenses. Percent changes are not presented when either comparison number is less than 30.

Table 36 Number of Juvenile Arrests for Weapons Offenses 2019, 2022, and 2023

Type of Charge	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Felony	113	179	214	89%	20%
Misdemeanor	95	80	93	-2%	16%
Total	208	259	307	48%	19%

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Table 37 Number of Juvenile Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor "Other" Offenses by Type 2019, 2022, And 2023

Type of Offense	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Felony – Other Total	184	202	247	34%	22%
Sex-Related	15	10	14	_	_
Forgery/Checks	0	1	1	_	_
Arson	8	4	6		_
Other Felonies	161	187	226	40%	21%
Misdemeanor – Other Total	1,091	592	741	-32%	25%
Other Theft/Checks/Access Cards	10	6	9	_	_
Sex-Related	21	15	9		_
Prostitution	2	6	1	_	_
Disturb Peace /Trespass/ Disorderly	60	33	47	-22%	42%
Vandalism/Graffiti	79	42	54	-32%	29%
Hit-and-run	1	1	2	_	_
Selected Traffic	8	5	5	_	_
City/County ordinances	132	50	42	-68%	-16%
Failure to Appear/Non-Traffic	10	5	7	_	_
Other Misdemeanors	768	429	565	-26%	32%
Total	1,275	794	988	-23%	24%

Notes: Sex-related includes felony lewd conduct and other sex offenses, misdemeanor lewd behavior, indecent exposure, annoying a child, and obscene matter; selected traffic includes driving without insurance or license, equipment violations, and others; city and county ordinances include loitering, littering, and other codes specific to cities/county; other felony arrests include kidnapping, hit-and-run, escape, vandalism, and other felonies; other misdemeanor arrests include contributing to the delinquency of a minor, malicious mischief, joy riding, gambling, and other misdemeanors such as various election, building, fire, and water code violations. Percent changes are not presented when either comparison number is less than 30.

Table 38 Number of Arrests for Status Offenses by Gender and Type 2019, 2022, and 2023

Gender and Type	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Truancy Total	_	_	_	_	_
Boys	_	_	_	_	_
Girls	_	_	_	_	_
Runaway Total	24	0	0	_	_
Boys	8	0	0	_	_
Girls	16	0	0	_	_
Curfew Total	137	208	199	45%	-4 %
Boys	78	149	134	72%	-10%
Girls	59	59	64	8%	8%
Unknown	0	0	1	_	_
Other Status Total	_	_	_	_	_
Boys	_	_	_	_	_
Girls	_	_	_	_	_
Total	161	208	199	24%	-4 %
Boys	86	149	134	56%	-10%
Girls	75	59	64	-15%	8%
Unknown	0	0	1		_

Notes: Variations in emphasis or focus on individual status offenses by law enforcement and prosecution agencies impact the number of arrests/juvenile contacts. "Other" status offenses include incorrigible behavior (such as failure to comply with parental authority), failure to obey orders of the Juvenile Court (such as community service and fines) and running away from court-ordered placement. Percent changes are not presented when either comparison number is less than 30. Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Table 39 Population Estimates 2019, 2022, and 2023

Population Estimates	2019	2022	2023	Change 2019-2023	Change 2022-2023
Race.Ethnicity Adult Total	2,504,600	2,504,051	2,523,408	<1%	<1%
White	1,232,250	1,147,812	1,151,791	-7%	<1%
Hispanic	774,938	803,231	814,592	5%	1%
Black	118,289	115,922	116,814	-1%	<1%
Other	379,123	437,086	440,211	16%	<1%
Race/Ethnicity Juvenile Total	348,101	334,809	337,140	-3%	<1%
White	119,166	109,356	112,317	-6%	3%
Hispanic	155,440	151,254	150,768	-3%	<-1%
Black	16,688	15,516	15,538	-7%	<1%
Other	56,807	58,683	58,517	3%	<-1%
Gender Adult Total	2,504,600	2,504,051	2,523,408	<1%	<1%
Male	1,250,361	1,240,202	1,254,120	<1%	1%
Female	1,254,239	1,263,849	1,269,288	1%	<1%
Gender Juvenile Total	348,101	334,809	337,140	-3%	<1%
Boys	180,280	171,706	172,728	-4%	<1%
Girls	167,821	163,103	164,412	-2%	<1%
Age Total 10+	2,852,701	2,838,860	2,860,548	<1%	<1%
10-17	348,101	334,809	337,140	-3%	<1%
18-19	95,471	77,951	79,719	-16%	2%
20-29	457,628	418,042	413,637	-10%	-1%
30-39	444,302	477,289	482,295	9%	1%
40-69	1,175,088	1,158,079	1,161,356	-1%	<1%
70+	332,111	372,690	386,401	16%	4%

Note: The populations used to calculate arrest rates include individuals ten years and older (10-17 for juveniles and 18 and older for adults). Camp Pendleton population is not included.

Source: SANDAG Population Estimates 2023

Table 40 Population Estimates by Jurisdiction 2019, 2022, and 2023

Jurisdiction	2019	2022	2023	Change 2022-2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad Total	100,911	102,842	103,452	3%	<1%
Adult	89,401	89,123	89,732	<1%	<1%
Juvenile	11,510	13,719	13,720	19%	<1%
Chula Vista Total	228,978	239,587	242,779	6 %	1%
Adult	194,481	205,694	208,874	7%	2%
Juvenile	34,497	33,893	33,905	-2%	<1%
Coronado Total	22,063	20,326	20,489	-7 %	<1%
Adult	20,498	18,599	18,826	-8%	1%
Juvenile	1,565	1,727	1,663	6%	-4%
El Cajon Total	89,538	89,760	89,658	<1%	<-1%
Adult	78,006	77,752	77,843	<-1%	<1%
Juvenile	11,532	12,008	11,815	2%	-2%
Escondido Total	128,262	130,101	131,456	2%	1%
Adult	109,252	112,501	113,808	4%	1%
Juvenile	19,010	17,600	17,648	-7%	<1%
La Mesa Total	52,857	51,323	51,763	-2%	<1%
Adult	47,978	45,187	45,466	-5%	<1%
Juvenile	4,879	6,136	6,297	29%	3%
National City Total	53,214	52,438	52,457	-1%	<1%
Adult	45,553	45,856	45,875	<1%	<1%
Juvenile	7,661	6,582	6,582	-14%	0%
Oceanside Total	152,787	148,908	149,047	-2 %	<1%
Adult	133,016	130,112	130,226	-2%	<1%
Juvenile	19,771	18,796	18,821	-5%	<1%
San Diego Total	1,239,183	1,215,260	1,225,194	-1%	<1%
Adult	1,100,500	1,088,396	1,095,936	<-1%	<1%
Juvenile	138,683	126,864	129,258	-7%	2%
Sheriff Total	784,908	788,315	794,253	1%	<-1%
Adult	685,915	690,831	696,822	2%	<1%
Juvenile	98,993	97,484	97,431	-2%	<-1%
Del Mar Total	3,880	3,714	3,716	-4%	<1%
Adult	3,654	3,455	3,458	-5%	<1%
Juvenile	226	259	258	14%	<-1%

Jurisdiction	2019	2022	2023	Change 2022-2023	Change 2022-2023
Encinitas Total	55,426	54,676	54,913	<-1%	<1%
Adult	49,702	48,596	48,790	-2%	<1%
Juvenile	5,724	6,080	6,123	7%	<1%
Imperial Beach Total	23,915	22,563	22,724	-5%	<1%
Adult	20,757	19,618	19,825	-4%	1%
Juvenile	3,158	2,945	2,899	-8%	-2%
Lemon Grove Total	22,698	23,159	23,536	4%	2%
Adult	19,620	19,867	20,166	3%	2%
Juvenile	3,078	3,292	3,370	9%	2%
Poway Total	42,940	42,251	42,621	<-1%	<1%
Adult	37,538	36,940	37,028	-1%	<1%
Juvenile	5,402	5,311	5,593	4%	5%
San Marcos Total	82,813	81,728	83,424	<1%	2%
Adult	70,742	70,353	71,811	2%	2%
Juvenile	12,071	11,375	11,613	-4%	2%
Santee Total	50,083	50,722	51,524	3%	2%
Adult	44,119	44,674	45,473	3%	2%
Juvenile	5,964	6,048	6,051	1%	<1%
Solana Beach Total	12,379	11,526	11,687	-6%	1%
Adult	11,327	10,324	10,416	-8%	<1%
Juvenile	1,052	1,202	1,271	21%	6%
Vista Total	86,743	86,462	87,225	<1%	<1%
Adult	74,219	74,460	75,379	2%	1%
Juvenile	12,524	12,002	11,846	-5%	-1%
Unincorporated Total	404,031	411,514	412,883	2%	<1%
Adult	354,237	362,544	364,476	3%	<1%
Juvenile	49,794	48,970	48,407	-3%	-1%
San Diego Region without Camp Pendleton	2,852,701	2,838,860	2,860,548	<1%	<1%
Adult	2,504,600	2,504,051	2,523,408	<1%	<1%
Juvenile	348,101	334,809	337,140	-3%	<1%
San Diego Region with Camp Pendleton	2,889,711	2,870,534	2,891,256	<1%	<1%
Adult	2,537,364	2,534,155	2,552,553	<1%	<1%
Juvenile	352,347	336,379	338,703	-4%	<1%

Source: SANDAG Population Estimates 2023