SANDAG

CJ BULLETIN

Crime in the San Diego Region: 2021 Through 2023

September 2024

Key disclaimers to note

This is the first SANDAG Annual Crime Bulletin reporting California Incident Based Reporting System/National Incident Based Reporting System (CIBRS/NIBRS) crime data. The Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI) NIBRS became the standard for law enforcement crime reporting in the United States on January 1, 2021. CIBRS is the California state specific version of NIBRS which allows California law enforcement agencies to report their crime data directly to California Department of Justice (CAL DOJ). San Diego County law enforcement agencies received CIBRS certification in 2022, one year after commencing their NIBRS data effort.

The crime statistics shown here are not comparable to data prior to 2021 due to the reporting format of CIBRS/NIBRS. If you are looking to access historical crime data for the San Diego region prior to 2021, from the Uniform Crime Reporting Summary Reporting System (UCR Summary), please see the ARJIS Crime Stats website or prior CJ crime bulletins. Please note that data from this publication should not be compared to UCR Summary data from any other source as the offenses and/or crime cases are counted differently in different crime reporting systems. Data for this publication was extracted as a snapshot of all regional CIBRS crime counts in February and March of 2024. The information on these crime cases below was extracted from the ARJIS Operational Storehouse and is subject to change as new information becomes available. If you are looking to access more current data, please visit the SANDAG Open Data Portal at: **https://opendata.sandag.org/stories/s/bsk4-5xvp**. For more information on NIBRS Offense Code definitions, please visit: **https://opendata.sandag.org/ARJIS/CIBRS-Offense-Code-Table/knre-fqwi/data_preview**.

Data derived directly from San Diego Police Department's records management system may differ slightly from data available to SANDAG through ARJIS; therefore, aggregate data reported in this bulletin cannot offer a direct comparison to statistics originating from within San Diego Police Department. It should be noted that in 2021, Coronado Police Department provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (started reporting data in August of 2021); California State University San Marcos, San Diego State University, and the University of California San Diego did not provide data because they were not fully transitioned to CIBRS/NIBRS. In 2022, San Diego State University did not provide data for the same reason and the University of California San Diego provided partial data (started reporting CIBRS/NIBRS data in August of 2022). As such, crime rates and other comparisons to previous years in the Appendix Tables for these agencies are not represented. Due to the small number of incidents these agencies had in previous year's totals, these missing data do not have a significant effect on regional totals and rates presented here.

Crime statistics including type of weapon used for robberies and aggravated assaults, type of burglary, type of motor vehicle theft, property stolen value, domestic violence incidents, and cleared offenses are expected to be available in the next *Crime in the San Diego Region* publication in the fall of 2024.

The CIBRS/NIBRS reporting system is a statistical tool designed to enhance the collection and analysis of crime data. It does not alter the definitions of crimes or charges as established in the penal code, nor does it impact the prosecution process. Instead, it provides more detailed and comprehensive data to aid in understanding crime trends and improving law enforcement strategies without influencing legal definitions or judicial outcomes.

If you have any questions about these numbers, please contact the Criminal Justice Research Division at (619) 699-1900. For more information about the SANDAG Criminal Justice Clearinghouse, please visit **SANDAG.org/cj**.

Introduction

Since 1980, SANDAG has been compiling and reporting regional crime statistics for San Diego County and remains the only local source for regional statistics not available at the national level. These statistics were compiled and reported using the Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI) Uniform Crime Reporting Summary Reporting System (UCR Summary) program, which had been used nationwide since the 1930's. In 2023 this publication transitioned to reporting California Incident Based Reporting System (CIBRS) / National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS) crime data. The NIBRS crime reporting system was first created by the FBI in the 1980's with a national mandated reporting deadline of 2021. In 2016, San Diego County law enforcement agencies began collaborating with the Automated Regional Justice Information System (ARJIS) to implement the new system and improve the quality and breadth of local crime data. CIBRS is the California state specific version of NIBRS which allows California law enforcement agencies to report their crime data directly to California Department of Justice (CAL DOJ). San Diego County law enforcement agencies received CIBRS certification in 2022, one year after commencing their NIBRS data effort.

This 2023 Annual Crime Bulletin is the first SANDAG Annual Crime Bulletin with available CIBRS/NIBRS data from 2021 to 2023.

This report presents and discusses crime trend data from these three years, highlighting crime rates per 1,000 residents along with actual number of crimes reported.[1] The report also offers additional information on the transition to the CIBRS/NIBRS crime reporting for better understanding.

This CIBRS/NIBRS data collection effort, extraction, and validation was supported by ARJIS staff and ARJIS member agencies.[2] Their support and cooperation is gratefully acknowledged.

Highlights

- The **crimes against persons** rate of 10.15 was 2% lower than in 2022, reflecting fewer murders (-21%), non-consensual sex offenses (-9%), kidnappings (-9%), and simple assaults (-6%). There were increases in aggravated assaults (7%), and intimidation offenses (2%).

- The **crimes against property** rate of 23.75 was 8% lower than in 2022. There were decreases for all categories including burglaries (-15%), robberies (-8%), larceny thefts (-4%), and motor vehicle thefts (-1%).

- The **crimes against society** rate of 7.27 was 3% lower than in 2022, reflecting a decrease in weapon law violations (-9%) and drug narcotic violations (-5%), but increases in prostitution (20%) and drug equipment violations (2%).

- **Group B offenses/arrests** (which includes less serious crime categories) increased by 4% from 2022 to 2023.

- The number of reported **hate crime events** increased 39% from 2022 to 2023.

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[1] 2022 population estimates were utilized due to the unavailability of 2023 estimates at the time of this publication. The populations used to calculate rates are provided in Appendix Table 14.

[2] Coronado Police Department and local universities' police departments provided CIBRS data separately.

Overall Group A Offenses

Overall crime

In 2023, there were 133,717 CIBRS/NIBRS Group A offenses reported to law enforcement in the San Diego region,[3] reflecting a 5% decrease from 2022 (141,382) and a 9% decrease from 2021 (147,378) (Appendix Table 1). Crimes against property accounted for more than half (58%) of reported incidents, followed by crimes against persons (25%) and crimes against society (18%) (Figure 1).

Figure 1: Proportion of Group A offenses by crime category in 2023

- Crimes against property
- Crimes against persons
- Crimes against society

Total = 133,717
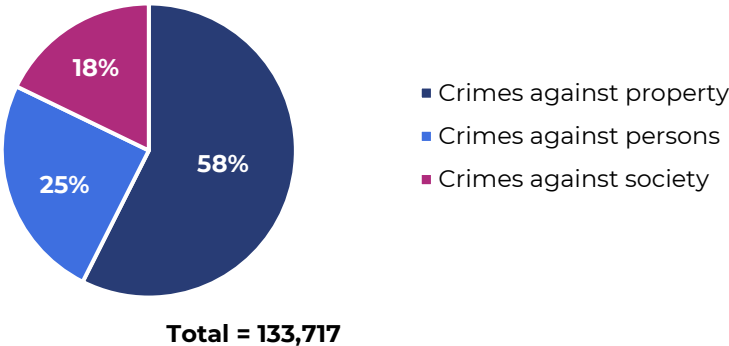
Note: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.
Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Overall, the 2023 crime rate for Group A offenses in the region was 41.16 crimes per 1,000 residents (Appendix Table 2).[4] A closer look at changes in annual crime rates per category reveals that crimes against property had the largest percent change from the year prior (Figure 2), with an 8% decrease from 2022. However, crimes against society rates show the largest decrease from two years prior (down 20% from 2021).

Figure 2: Changes in annual crime rates per category (2021-2023)

	Crimes against persons	Crimes against property	Crimes against society
2021	10.27	26.00	9.07
2022	10.36	25.69	7.48
2023	10.15	23.75	7.27
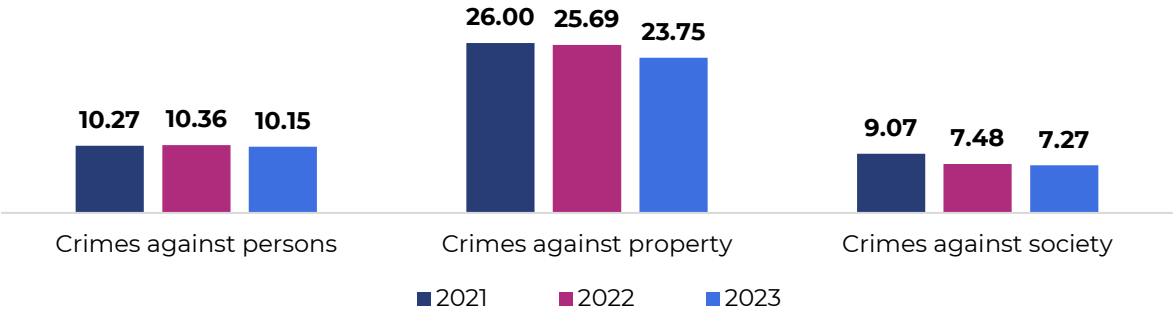
Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

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[3] Group A offenses include 52 offenses of the most serious crimes (e.g., murder, rape, robbery, and burglary). Group A offenses are categorized into crimes against persons, crimes against property, and crimes against society. See Appendix Table 1.

[4] The annual crime rates per 1,000 residents are estimated by dividing the number of crimes reported by the population and multiplying by 1,000.

Crimes against persons

Crimes against persons include 15 crime offenses (murder, negligent manslaughter, justifiable homicide, rape, sodomy, sexual assault with object, fondling, aggravated assault, simple assault, intimidation, kidnapping/abduction, incest, statutory rape, human trafficking-commercial sex acts, and human trafficking-involuntary servitude). This category is the equivalent of UCR Summary's Part I violent crime category, which includes four types of offenses (murder, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault).

According to statistics from the National Crime Victimization Survey (still presenting UCR Summary crime categories),[5] in 2022 (the most recent year available), less than half (42%) of violent crimes were reported to law enforcement nationwide, including 64% of robberies, 50% of aggravated assaults, 37% of simple assaults, and 21% of rapes (not shown).[6]

Overall decrease in reported crimes against persons

According to CIBRS/NIBRS, 32,964 crimes against persons incidents were reported to local law enforcement agencies in 2023, marking a slight decrease from 2022 (-2%) and 2021 (-1%) (Appendix Tables 1 and 7). About one in every 99 individuals reported being a victim of such a crime in 2023.[7]

However, there was variability in crime trends across different jurisdictions. Of the 19 jurisdictions with incident numbers large enough to compare in 2022 and 2023, 12 had a lower crimes against persons rate in 2023 (ranging from -1% in Lemon Grove to -12% in Solana Beach) and eight had a higher rate (ranging from <1% in National City and San Diego to 29% in Coronado) (Appendix Table 3).

> Approximately **1 in 99** reported being a victim of a crime against persons.

The most common type of crime against persons reported in 2023 was simple assault, accounting for over half (56%) of all incidents, followed by aggravated assault (29%), intimidation (7%), non-consensual sex offenses (5%), and kidnapping/abduction (2%) (Figure 3). Less than 1% of incidents were classified as murder, negligent manslaughter, justifiable homicide, consensual sex offenses, and human trafficking offenses (not shown).

Figure 3: Reported crimes against persons in 2023 by crime type

| 56% | 29% | 7% | 5% | 2% |

- ■ Simple assault
- ■ Aggravated assault
- ■ Intimidation
- ■ Non-consensual sex offenses
- ■ Kidnapping/abduction
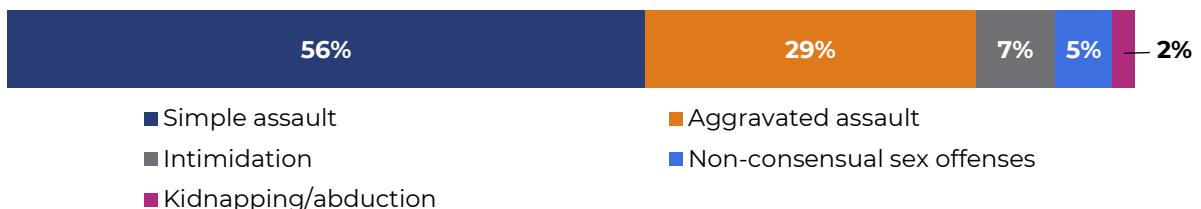
Note: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.
Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

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[5] Thompson, A. & Tapp, S.N. (2023). *Criminal Victimization, 2022* (NCJ 307089). Washington, D.C.: Bureau of Justice Statistics.

[6] While this UCR Summary Part I violent crime category is the equivalent of CIBRS/NIBRS' crimes against persons category, UCR Summary does not reflect all crimes against persons.

[7] This calculation is estimated by dividing the total San Diego region population by total number of crimes against persons.

Variations in specific crime against persons types

- Despite being the most common type of reported crime against persons, **simple assaults** fell by 6% from the year prior (from 19,674 in 2022 to 18,549 in 2023) (Figure 4, Appendix Table 1). This includes all assaults and attempted assaults which are not aggravated in nature and do not result in serious injury to the victim. Of the 18 jurisdictions with large enough numbers to compare in 2022 and 2023, 14 had decreases (ranging from -2% in Lemon Grove to -19% in Chula Vista and Encinitas), and four had increases (ranging from 5% in La Mesa to 33% in Coronado) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B).

- Contrary to simple assaults, the 9,612 **aggravated assaults** reported during 2023 represented an increase of 7% from 2022 (Figure 4, Appendix Table 1). Most jurisdictions experienced an increase; of the 17 comparable jurisdictions, 16 had increases (ranging from 2% in Carlsbad and El Cajon to 30% in Santee), and only one had a decrease (Oceanside -4%) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B).

> While **simple assaults** saw a 6% decline from the prior year, total **aggravated assaults** rose 7%.

- The 2,374 reported **acts of intimidation** in 2023 showed a slight increase of 2% from 2022 (Figure 4, Appendix Table 1). Of the 10 jurisdictions with large enough numbers for comparison, five had decreases (ranging from -8% in El Cajon to -34% in Escondido), and five had increases (ranging from 7% in San Diego to 44% in National City) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B).

- **Murders** in the region decreased 21% from 105 in 2022 to 83 in 2023 (Figure 4, Appendix Table 1). Of the incidents in which a motive could be determined (to date), arguments were the most frequent motive (35%), followed by gang involvement (22%), domestic violence (15%), other not specified (15%), drugs (11%), and child abuse (2%). [8]

> Most frequently, **murders** took place in the victim's residence (33%) or on a street or sidewalk (26%). Of the murders with a known weapon, the most common weapon used was a firearm (57%). Most of the time, the suspect was known to the victim (61%).

- Compared to 2022, **non-consensual sex offenses** (including rape, sodomy, sexual assault with an object, and fondling) reported to law enforcement dropped by 9% to 1,629 incidents (Figure 4, Appendix Table 1). Of the nine jurisdictions with large enough numbers for comparison, six had decreases (ranging from -6% in Escondido and National City to -15% in San Diego), and three had increases ranging from 4% in Chula Vista to 37% in El Cajon) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B).

- **Kidnapping and abduction** incidents also decreased by 9% to 620 cases in 2023 (Figure 4, Appendix Table 1). All four jurisdictions with large enough numbers for comparison had decreases (ranging from 5% in San Diego to 41% in Escondido) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B).

- The number of **consensual sex offenses** (which includes incest and statutory rape) reported to law enforcement San Diego County in 2023 (77) showed a 5% increase from 2022 (73) (Figure 4, Appendix Table 1). [9]

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[8] Jurisdictional numbers for comparison are available in Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B. Only the City of San Diego had 30 or more incidents in both comparison years.

[9] Jurisdictional numbers for comparison are available in Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A and 12B.

Figure 4: Crimes against persons, percentage change from 2022 to 2023[10]

Intimidation, **2%**

Consensual sex offenses, **5%**

Simple assault, **-6%**

Aggravated assault, **7%**

Non-consensual sex offenses, **-9%**

Kidnapping/Abduction, **-9%**
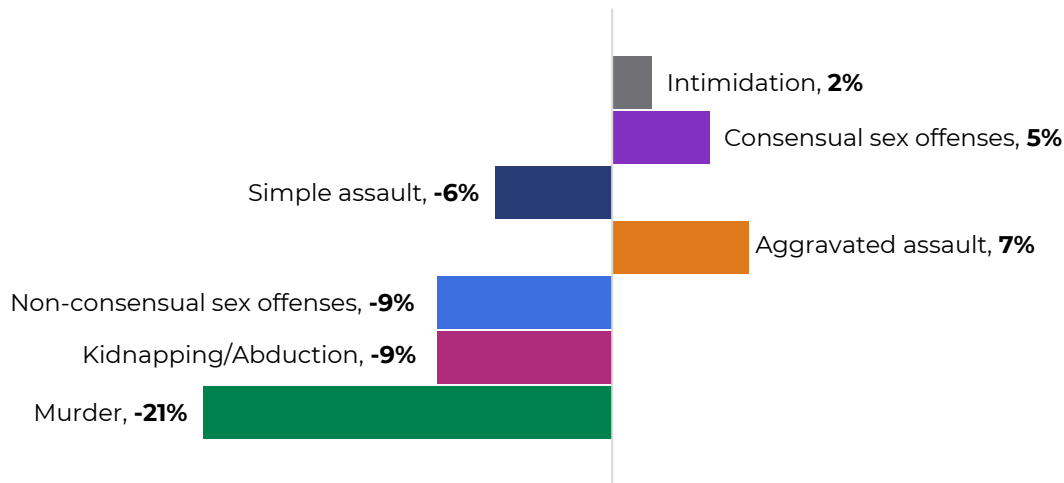
Murder, **-21%**

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Overall, the data reveal a general decline in crime against persons rates, with notable decreases in specific crime types such as simple assaults, non-consensual sex offenses, kidnappings, and murders. However, the increase in aggravated assaults (7%) may point to an area in need of additional focus and resources, especially as 16 of 17 comparable jurisdictions experienced an increase.

Crimes against property

Crimes against property include 25 offenses (robbery, [11] burglary, eight types of larceny theft offenses, motor vehicle theft, arson, vandalism/destruction of property, counterfeiting/forgery, seven types of fraud offenses, embezzlement, extortion/blackmail, bribery, and stolen property). This category is the equivalent of UCR Summary's Part I property crime category, which includes three types of offenses (burglary, larceny theft, and motor vehicle theft). [12]

According to the 2022 National Crime Victimization Survey (still presenting UCR Summary crime categories), about one-third (32%) of all property crimes nationwide were reported to law enforcement, including 81% of motor vehicle thefts, 45% of burglaries, and 26% of other thefts. [13]

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[10] Crimes against persons categories with less than 30 incidents in any of the comparison years are not shown (negligent manslaughter, justifiable homicide, human trafficking- commercial sex acts, and human trafficking- involuntary servitude).

[11] It is important to note that robbery was categorized as a violent crime under UCR Summary Part I.

[12] While this UCR Summary Part I property crime category is the equivalent of CIBRS/NIBRS' crimes against property category, UCR Summary does not reflect all crimes against property.

[13] Other thefts include other unlawful taking or attempted unlawful taking of property or cash without personal contact with the victim.

Overall decline in crimes against property

A total of 77,151 crimes against property incidents were reported to regional law enforcement (Appendix Tables 1 and 8), marking an 8% decrease from 2022 and a 9% decrease from 2021. Crimes against property incidents accounted for almost six in every 10 (58%) total crimes reported in 2023 (Figure 1 and Appendix Table 1).

> Approximately **1 in 42** residents reported being victims of a crime against property in 2023.

The 2023 annual crimes against property rate of 23.75 per 1,000 residents was lower than in 2022 and 2021 (Figure 2 and Appendix Table 4). Of the 19 comparable jurisdictions with large enough numbers to compare, 17 experienced a decrease (ranging from -3% in El Cajon to -40% in Del Mar), and two an increase (2% in Santee and 17% in Coronado) (Appendix Table 4).

The three most common crime against property incidents reported were larcenies (41%), acts of vandalism/destruction of property (18%), and motor vehicle thefts (15%) (Figure 5). Of all crimes against property, arson, counterfeiting, embezzlement, extortion, and bribery collectively made up 2% (not shown).

Figure 5: Reported crimes against property in 2023 by crime type

| 41% | 18% | 15% | 9% | 8% | 3% | 2% |

- Larcenies
- Destruction of property
- Motor vehicle thefts
- Fraud offenses
- Burglaries
- Robberies
- Stolen property
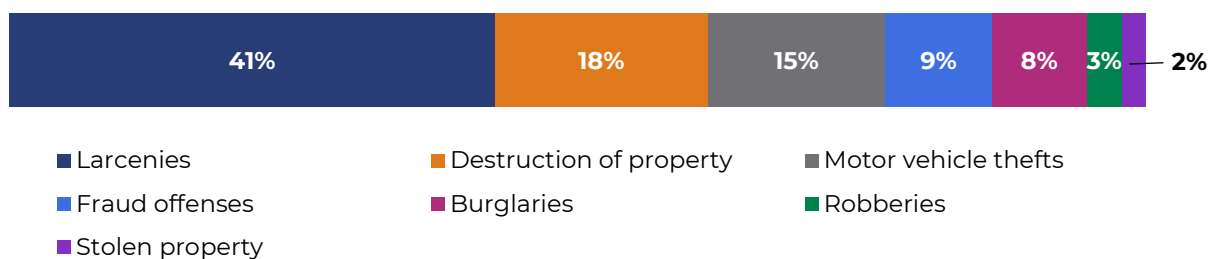
Note: Percentages may not add to 100 due to excluding arson, counterfeiting, embezzlement, extortion, and bribery (collectively made up 2%).
Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Varying trends in specific crime against property types

- Despite being the most common crime—with one in every 102 residents reporting being a victim in 2023 (not shown)—the number of **larcenies** reported in 2023 (31,941) saw a 4% decrease from the year prior (33,155) (Figure 6, Appendix Table 1). Across the region, 15 jurisdictions saw decreases (ranging from -2% in El Cajon to -43% in Del Mar), and four saw increases (ranging from <1% in Chula Vista to 8% in Santee) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B). The most common larceny type reported in 2023 was "other" larceny (39%) (Table 1).[14]

   o It is important to note that in 2023, the San Diego region had a shoplifting increase of 25% from 2022 and 37% from 2021. Of the 15 comparable jurisdictions, 12 experienced increases (ranging from 1% in La Mesa to 67% in Chula Vista) and three experienced decreases (ranging from -4% in Vista to -19% in San Marcos) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B).

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[14] "Other" larceny is defined as all thefts which do not fit any of the other larceny/theft or specific subcategories (e.g., thefts from fenced enclosures, boats/houseboats if used for recreational purposes, and airplanes).

Table 1: Types of larcenies reported in 2023 and their rate change

Larceny Type	2023 Rate (Within Category)	% Change from 2022-2023
Other larceny	39%	2%
Theft from a motor vehicle	32%	-14%
Shoplifting	16%	25%
Theft of motor vehicle parts/accessories	7%	-22%
Theft from building	5%	-8%
Pocket-picking	<1%	-10%
Purse-snatching	<1%	-21%
Theft from coin operated machine or device	<1%	-10%
Total	**31,941**	**-4%**

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

- **Robberies** in the region decreased 8% to 2,432 in 2023 (Figure 6, Appendix Table 1). Of the 13 jurisdictions with robbery numbers large enough for comparison in 2022 and 2023, eight had decreases (ranging from -6% in San Diego to -34% in Oceanside) and five had increases (ranging from 2% in Carlsbad to 39% in Santee) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B).

> Most jurisdictions (17 of 19) experienced a decline in overall crimes against property rates in 2023. However, **shoplifting incidents rose 25% from 2022**, with 12 of 15 comparable jurisdictions experiencing increases.

- **Burglaries** saw a stark decline of 15%, from 7,605 in 2022 to 6,446 in 2023 (Figure 6, Appendix Table 1). Of the 17 jurisdictions with burglary numbers large enough for comparison in 2022 and 2023, 13 experienced decreases (ranging from -3% in Oceanside to -43% in San Marcos) and four experienced increases (ranging from 1% in La Mesa to 42% in Solana Beach) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B).

- **Motor vehicle thefts** decreased 1% to 11,916 in 2023 (Figure 6, Appendix Table 1). Of the 17 jurisdictions with numbers large enough for comparison in 2022 and 2023, 10 had decreases (ranging from -12% in El Cajon and Vista to -39% in Escondido), and seven had increases (ranging from 2% in San Diego to 161% in Coronado) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B). [15]

- **Arsons** across the region were down 19% (344) from 2022 (Figure 6, Appendix Table 1). [16]

- There were 14,235 **destruction of property** (vandalism) offenses reported in 2023, 4% lower than in 2022 (Figure 6, Appendix Table 1). Of the 18 comparable jurisdictions, 12 had decreases (ranging from -1% in Oceanside to -30% in Poway), and six had increases (ranging from 2% in Coronado to 21% in Santee) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B).

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[15] According to Coronado Police Department, the stark increase is due to the Department of Justice requirement under NIBRS reporting (since September 2022) that all stolen E-bikes and E-scooters are to be reported as motor vehicle thefts.

[16] Jurisdictional numbers for comparison are available in Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B. Only the city of San Diego and Unincorporated had 30 or more incidents in each of the comparison years.

- **Stolen property offenses** in the region decreased 16% to 1,887 in 2023 (Figure 6, Appendix Table 1). [17] Of the 11 jurisdictions with numbers large enough for comparison in 2022 and 2023, seven had decreases (ranging from -15% in Chula Vista to -49% in Vista), and 4 had increases (ranging from 1% in Carlsbad to 73% in La Mesa) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B). [18]

- The number of **fraud** offenses reported in the region in 2023 (7,018) represented a 25% decrease from 2022 (9,380) (Figure 6, Appendix Tables 1). [19] Across the region, 17 jurisdictions reported decreases (ranging from -8% in Oceanside to -60% in Lemon Grove), and only one reported an increase (53% in Coronado) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B). [20] All types of fraud offenses with large enough numbers to compare decreased from 2022 to 2023 (Table 2).

Table 2: Types of fraud offenses reported in 2023 and their rate change

Fraud Type	2023 Rate (Within Category)	% Change from 2022-2023
Impersonation	39%	-34%
Identity theft	29%	-11%
False pretenses/Swindle/Confidence game	20%	-10%
Credit card/Automatic teller fraud	11%	-42%
Welfare fraud	<1%	--
Hacking/Computer invasion	<1%	--
Wire Fraud	0%	--
Total	**7,018**	**-25%**

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

- All other crimes against property categories were lower in 2023 compared to 2022. [21] This includes a decrease of 56% in **extorsion/blackmail**, 13% in **counterfeiting/forgery,** and 1% in **embezzlement** (Appendix Table 1). [22]

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[17] Stolen property offense is defined as buying, receiving, possessing, selling, concealing, or transporting any property with the knowledge that is has been unlawfully taken, as by burglary, embezzlement, fraud, larceny, robbery, etc.

[18] The increase in stolen property offenses in La Mesa from 2022 to 2023 is due to charging multiple offenses for one incident under CIBRS/NIBRS reporting guidelines. Additionally, there was an increase in investigative efforts to identify victims and recover stolen property, regardless of where the original theft crime occurred. According to La Mesa Police department, stolen property offenses include found stolen property, possession of stolen property, and possession of stolen vehicle.

[19] Fraud is defined as the intentional perversion of the truth for the purpose of inducing another person or other entity in reliance upon it to part with something of value or to surrender a legal right.

[20] According to Coronado Police Department, the increase in fraud offenses is due to banks requiring a police report from customers before adjusting and reimbursing fraudulent charges.

[21] Crimes against property categories with less than 30 incidents in any of the comparison years are not shown (bribery, welfare fraud, wire fraud, and hacking/computer invasion).

[22] Jurisdictional numbers for comparison are available in Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B. For embezzlement, only the city of San Diego had 30 or more incidents in each of the comparison years.

Figure 6: Crimes against property, percentage changes from 2022 to 2023

-1%	Motor vehicle theft
-4%	Larceny/theft offenses
-4%	Destruction of property
-8%	Robbery
-15%	Burglary
-16%	Stolen property offenses
-19%	Arson
-25%	Fraud
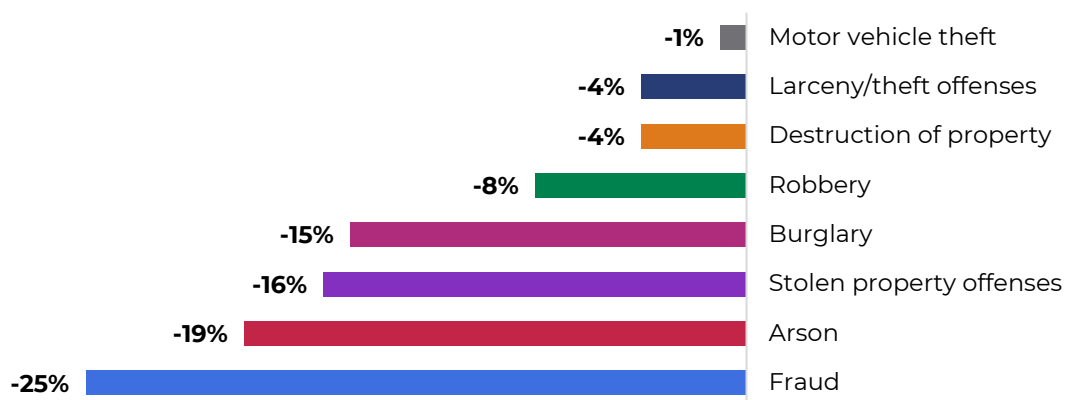
Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Overall, while larceny remains the most prevalent crime against property, more severe crimes like robbery and burglary experienced notable declines. However, the notable increase in shoplifting highlights an area needing targeted intervention. Moreover, the variability in reported incidents across different jurisdictions underscores the need for localized and context-specific crime prevention strategies. Understanding these trends can help tailor future policies and programs to continue reducing crime against property and address specific areas of concern.

Crimes against society

Crimes against society include 12 crime offenses (drug/narcotic violations, drug equipment violations, four types of gambling offenses, pornography/obscene material, prostitution, [23] weapon law violations, and animal cruelty). It should be noted that there was no comparable UCR Summary Part I crime category.

The crimes against society rate of 7.27 per 1,000 residents was lower in 2023 than in the two years prior (7.48 and 9.07, respectively) (Figure 2 and Appendix Table 5). A total of 23,602 crimes against society incidents were reported to law enforcement in 2023, marking a 3% decrease from 2022 and a 20% decrease from 2021 (Appendix Tables 1 and 9).

> In 2023, crimes against society accounted for **almost 1 in 5 (18%)** crimes committed in the region.

Of the reported crimes against society incidents, 51% were drug/narcotic violations, 35% drug equipment violations, 12% weapon law violations, and 1% were offenses for pornography/obscene material and prostitution (cumulatively).

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[23] Prostitution includes three offenses: prostitution, assisting or promoting prostitution, and purchasing prostitution.

Figure 7: Reported crimes against society in 2023 by crime type

| 51% | 35% | 12% | 1% |

- ■ Drug/narcotic violations
- ■ Drug equipment violations
- ■ Weapon law violations
- ■ Pornography and prostitution

Note: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.
Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Of the 18 comparable jurisdictions in 2022 and 2023, 11 had a higher crime against society rate (ranging from <1% in Santee to 72% in Lemon Grove),[24] and seven had a lower crime against society rate (ranging from -9% in Poway to -32% in Encinitas) (Appendix Table 5).

Variations in specific crime against society types

- The 12,125 **drug/narcotic violations** reported in 2023 represented a decrease of 5% compared to 2022 (Figure 8, Appendix Table 1). For the 18 jurisdictions with drug/narcotic violations numbers large enough for comparison in 2022 and 2023, 10 had increases (ranging from 2% in San Diego to 74% in Lemon Grove), eight had decreases (ranging from -1% in Santee to -26% in Escondido) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B).

- On the other hand, **drug equipment violations** (8,292) increased 2% compared to 2022 (Figure 8, Appendix Table 1). For the 18 jurisdictions with drug equipment violation numbers large enough for comparison in 2022 and 2023, nine had decreases (ranging from -1% in Carlsbad to -38% in Encinitas), and nine had increases (ranging from 3% in Santee and Solana Beach to 87% in Lemon Grove) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B).

- The 2,898 **weapon law violation** offenses reported in 2023 was 9% lower than in 2022 (3,190) (Figure 8, Appendix Table 1). For the 14 jurisdictions with weapon law violations numbers large enough for comparison in 2022 and 2023, 10 had decreases (ranging from -1% in Vista to -27% in San Marcos), and four had increases (ranging from 1% in Carlsbad to 18% in La Mesa) (Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B).

- **Prostitution** crime incidents (213) increased 20% from 2022 (Figure 8, Appendix Table 1).[25] There was one less incident of **pornography/obscene materials** (61) in 2023 compared to 2022 (-2%) (Appendix Table 1).

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[24] According to the San Diego Sheriff's Department, the increased crimes against society rate and total incidents in Lemon Grove were mainly driven by an increase in recorded drug/narcotic and drug equipment violations. This increase resulted from a general rise in incidents, along with expanded law enforcement operations of trolley riders, including Sheriff's deputies, transit officers, and probation officers checking for tickets. Transit violators that were found to be on probation or parole were searched for drugs, paraphernalia, and weapons.

[25] The increase in prostitution crime incidents are due to large demand reduction operations that took place in 2023, including six "John" operations in National City and one in Escondido. A "John" sting operation focuses on catching individuals who are soliciting prostitutes to reduce the demand for sex trafficking, arrest human traffickers, and provide services to victims. Jurisdictional numbers for comparison are available in Appendix Tables 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B. Only the city of San Diego had 30 or more prostitution incidents in each of the comparison years.

Figure 8: Crimes against society, percentage change from 2022 to 2023 [26]

Drug/Narcotic violation, **-5%**

Drug equipment violation, **2%**

Weapon law violation, **-9%**

Prostitution, **20%**

Pornography/Obscene materials, **-2%**
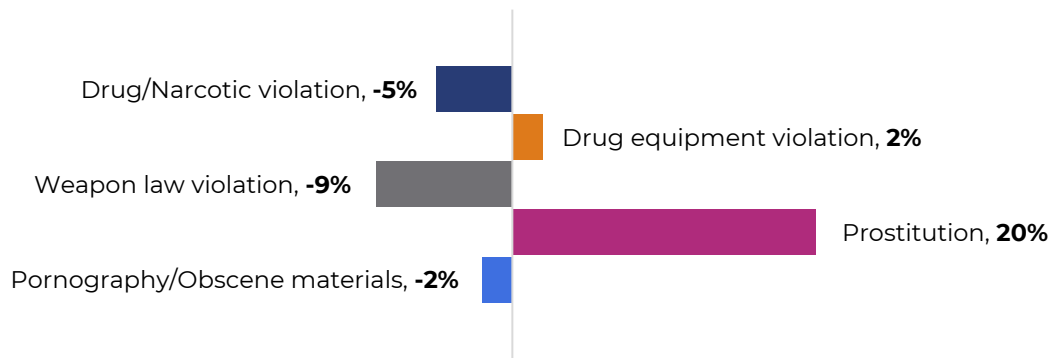
Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Overall Group A offense categories summary

In 2023, the majority of Group A offense categories (with large enough numbers for comparison) decreased in comparison with 2022 (Table 3). Only three crimes against persons categories (aggravated assaults, intimidation, and consensual sex offenses), and two crimes against society categories (drug equipment violations, and prostitution) increased from 2022. All crimes against property categories decreased from the previous year.

Table 3: Decreases and increases of Group A offense categories from 2022 to 2023

Crime offenses that decreased	Crime offenses that increased
• Extorsion/Blackmail **(-56%)** • Fraud **(-25%)** • Murder **(-21%)** • Arson **(-19%)** • Stolen property offenses **(-16%)** • Burglary **(-15%)** • Counterfeiting/Forgery **(-13%)** • Kidnapping/Abduction **(-9%)** • Non-consensual sex offenses **(-9%)** • Weapon law violations **(-9%)** • Robbery **(-8%)** • Simple assault **(-6%)** • Larceny theft **(-4%)** • Vandalism/Destruction of property **(-4%)** • Pornography/Obscene materials **(-2%)** • Motor vehicle theft **(-1%)**	• Prostitution **(20%)** • Aggravated assault **(7%)** • Consensual sex offenses **(5%)** • Drug equipment violations **(2%)** • Intimidation **(2%)**

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

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[26] Crimes against society categories with less than 30 incidents in any of the comparison years are not shown (animal cruelty and all gambling offenses).

Group B Offenses

Group B offenses include less serious crime categories such as curfew/loitering/vagrancy, disorderly conduct, driving under the influence (DUI), family offenses (nonviolent), liquor law violations, trespassing, and all other offenses. It is important to note that unlike Group A offenses, Group B offenses are only reported if an arrest is made. Therefore, Group B arrest reports only include circumstances of the arrest and arrestee data (e.g., age, gender, race and ethnicity).

In 2023, there were 21,320 Group B offenses in the San Diego region, marking a 4% increase from 2022 (20,466), and an 11% increase from 2021 (19,291) (Figure 9 and Appendix Table 13). In comparison to 2022, there were increases in curfew/loitering/vagrancy violations (17%), all other offenses (9%),[27] driving under the influence (3%), trespassing (3%), and decreases in disorderly conduct violations (-2%) and liquor law violations (-32%) (Appendix Table 13 and Figure 10).[28]

Figure 9: Number of Group B offenses reported (2021-2023)
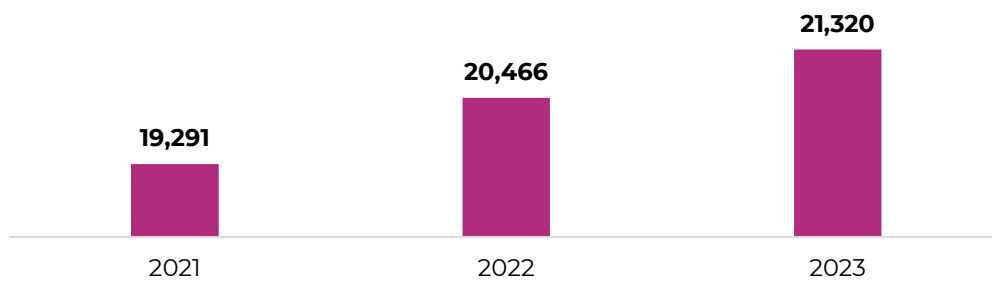
Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Figure 10: Types of Group B offenses, percentage change from 2022 to 2023
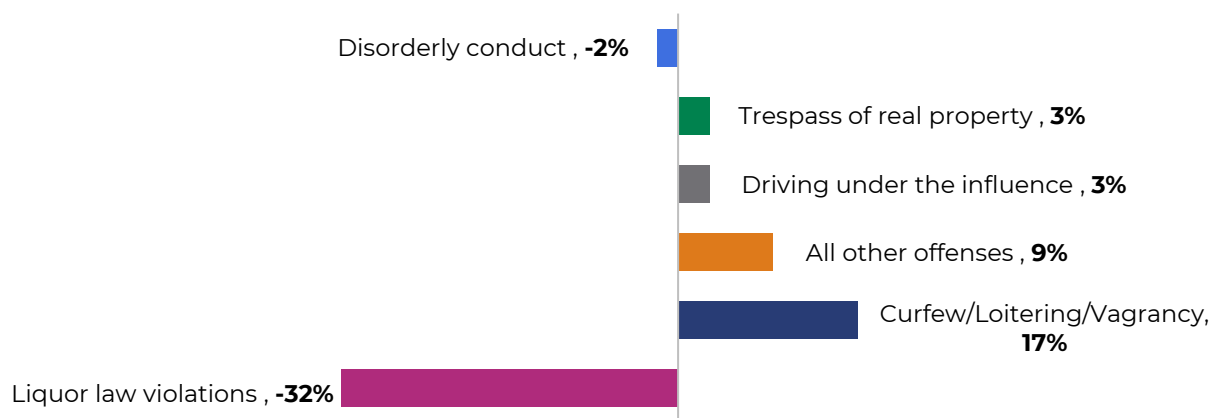
Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

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[27] All other offenses include offenses of General Applicability (i.e., aiding and abetting, assault to commit, conspiracy to commit, enticement, facilitation of, solicitation to commit, etc.).

[28] Group B categories with less than 30 incidents in any of the comparison years are not shown (family offenses nonviolent).

Hate Crimes

As part of the California Penal Code (PC), the Attorney General is required to submit an annual report to the Legislature regarding crimes motivated by a victim's race/ethnicity, religion, gender, sexual orientation, national origin, or physical or mental disability. According to the California PC, a hate crime is a criminal act committed in whole or in part because of the actual or perceived characteristics of the victim. Thus, hate crimes are not separate, distinct crimes, but rather traditional offenses specifically motivated by the offender's bias.

Beginning in 2008, local law enforcement agencies began sharing hate crime reports that were submitted to the state with SANDAG, to allow for a more detailed analysis of these crimes in the San Diego region, which was not available in the state report. In 2023, a total of 133 hate crime events were reported by law enforcement across the region, which included a total of 151 victims and 111 known suspects (Figure 11).

Compared to 2022, the number of events increased by 39%. Hate crimes were reported by Police Departments in Carlsbad, Chula Vista, Coronado, El Cajon, Escondido, National City, Oceanside, and San Diego; the Sheriff's Department (for the jurisdictions of Encinitas, Fallbrook, Lemon Grove, San Marcos, Solana Beach, Vista, and other unincorporated areas); the Harbor Police; California State University San Marcos, San Diego State University, and University of California San Diego (not shown).

Figure 11: Number of hate crime events, victims and suspects (2021, 2022 and 2023)
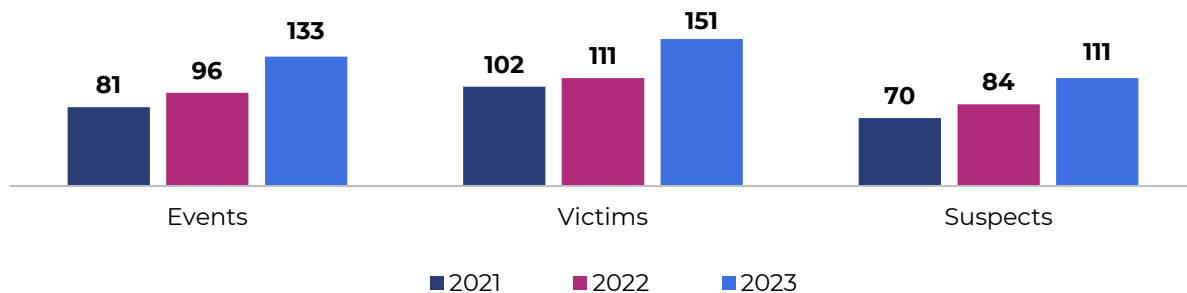
Source: SANDAG

Additional compiled hate crime information includes the following:

- Of the 144 documented offenses (there can be multiple offenses for one event), 65% were described as crimes against persons, which included 47 acts of intimidation, 28 simple assaults and 19 aggravated assaults. The rest of the hate crimes were crimes against property (35%) and included 45 incidents of destruction or damaging of property in some way (e.g., vandalism), three robberies, one burglary and one larceny theft.

- Of the 133 events, 44% were motivated by race, ethnicity, or national origin; 31% by sexual orientation; 24% by religion; and 2% by disability.

  o Of the 58 incidents related to the victim's actual or perceived race/ethnicity/national origin, 52% of bias motivations were described as being anti-Black, 17% anti-other, 12% anti-Hispanic, 5% anti-Asian, 5% anti-multiple races, 5% anti-White, and 3% anti-Arab.

- Of the 133 events where a victim description was available, the victim was an individual (or multiple individuals) in 79% of cases, 9% a religious organization, 8% a business, and 4% government. Seventy-one percent (71%) of the 119 victims whose gender was documented were male.

- Of the 133 events where location was noted, 26% occurred on a highway, road, alley, or street; 16% at a business; 13% at a residence, home, or driveway; 11% at a school or college; 10% at a church, synagogue, or temple; 8% in an outdoor location; 7% in a parking lot or garage; 4% somewhere else; 3% at an air or bus terminal; 3% in a jail or prison; and 2% at a government or public building.

Figure 12: Hate crime findings highlights

| **71%** of victims were male (n=119) | **65%** of offenses were crimes against persons (n=144) | **44%** of all hate crime events motivated by race/ethnicity (n=133) | **52%** of racially-motivated events were anti-Black (n=58) |

Source: SANDAG

Crime reporting transition from UCR Summary to CIBRS/NIBRS

Uniform Crime Reporting Summary Reporting System (UCR Summary)

The Uniform Crime Reporting Summary Reporting System (UCR Summary) was used and maintained nationally by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) since the 1930s. This crime reporting system collected data on eight index crimes and 21 types of arrests, and only reported information on the most serious crime or highest charge that occurred within each incident. For example, if someone breaks into a vehicle, commits a simple assault, and then commits a rape, UCR Summary would only count the rape offense (highest offense), since in this hierarchy system, only the most severe charge is recorded.

UCR Summary had two specific categories known as Part I (eight offenses) and Part II (21 offenses/arrests). Homicides and aggravated assaults were retroactively updated with new information, and occasionally, other crime types were also revised.

National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS)

The National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS) is an incident-based reporting system that was first created in the 1980s. In 2021, NIBRS became the national standard for law enforcement agencies to report crime cases to the U.S. Department of Justice. The system collects data on all crimes or offenses reported to law enforcement agencies, not just the highest charges within those crimes. NIBRS also collects more detailed information on each crime incident, as well as on separate offenses that occur within the same incident (e.g., an incident can include the crimes/offenses of rape, motor vehicle theft, and kidnapping). Law enforcement agencies must ensure that each offense is reported as a separate and distinct crime and not just a part of another offense. They must also report the date and time of the offense, location, victim and offender demographics, and the relationships between the individuals involved in the crime.

Under NIBRS, agencies now collect data on 52 different types of crime, which are referred to as Group A offenses, and 8 types of arrests, referred to as Group B offenses. Group A offenses include the more serious crimes (e.g., murder, rape, robbery, and burglary). Group B arrests include less serious crime categories (e.g., disorderly conduct, curfew/loitering/vagrancy, drunkenness, and trespassing). Also, under NIBRS, agencies can now report up to 10 offenses per incident, not just the highest charge within each incident.

To comply with the FBI mandated NIBRS reporting deadline of 2021, San Diego County law enforcement agencies began collaborating with the Automated Regional Justice Information System (ARJIS) in 2016 to implement the new system and improve the quality and breadth of local crime data.

California Incident Based Reporting System (CIBRS)

The California Incident-Based Reporting System (CIBRS) is the California state specific version of NIBRS which allows California law enforcement agencies to report their crime data directly to CAL DOJ. San Diego County law enforcement agencies received CIBRS certification in 2022, one year after commencing their NIBRS data reporting efforts. Under CIBRS agencies report the same 52 types of Group A offenses, and 8 types of Group B offenses. It is important to note that unlike Group A offenses, Group B offenses are only reported if an arrest is made.

How do CIBRS and NIBRS differ?

The primary difference between CIBRS and NIBRS is that CIBRS is a California state specific system that collects additional data elements (e.g., type of property stolen and its value, gang related crimes, hate crimes, and domestic violence incidents), while NIBRS is a national system that is used by law enforcement agencies across the United States with extra categories exclusive to federal and tribal law enforcement agencies (e.g., immigration violations, and fugitive offenses).

How do CIBRS/NIBRS compare to UCR Summary?

In order to understand the differences between UCR Summary and CIBRS/NIBRS, Table 4 compares both crime reporting systems.

Table 4: Differences between UCR Summary and CIBRS/NIBRS

UCR Summary	CIBRS/NIBRS
• Only highest offense counted per case • Updated on a monthly basis • No mechanism to track whether crime is attempted or committed • Includes four violent crimes and three property crimes as Part 1 offenses • Only gathers weapon information for murder, robbery, and aggravated assaults	• Up to 10 offenses counted per case • Real-time data updates • Tracks by labeling offenses with "A" for attempted and "C" for completed • Includes 15 crimes against persons, 25 crimes against property, and 12 crimes against society as part of Group A offenses • Weapon information can be collected for any type of crime

Group A offenses
San Diego Region, 2021, 2022, and 2023

	2021	2022	2023	Change 2022-2023
Crimes Against Persons				
Murder	112	105	83	-21%
Negligent Manslaughter	16	14	16	--
Justifiable Homicide	2	1	0	--
Non-consensual Sex Offenses	2,086	1,790	1,629	-9%
Rape	675	583	471	-19%
Sodomy	192	140	107	-24%
Sexual Assault with an Object	142	93	92	-1%
Fondling	1,077	974	959	-2%
Aggravated Assault	8,758	8,976	9,612	7%
Simple Assault	19,606	19,674	18,549	-6%
Intimidation	2,044	2,334	2,374	2%
Kidnapping/Abduction	656	679	620	-9%
Consensual Sex Offenses	107	73	77	5%
Incest	1	0	1	--
Statutory Rape	106	73	76	4%
Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts	0	0	0	--
Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude	5	4	4	--
Total	**33,392**	**33,650**	**32,964**	-2%
Crimes Against Property				
Robbery	2,439	2,657	2,432	-8%
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	7,574	7,605	6,446	-15%
Motor Vehicle Theft	11,504	12,033	11,916	-1%
Arson	418	424	344	-19%
Destruction Of Property	15,723	14,828	14,235	-4%
Counterfeiting/Forgery	863	803	702	-13%
Embezzlement	163	173	171	-1%
Extortion/Blackmail	158	132	58	-56%
Bribery	1	1	1	--
Stolen Property Offenses	2,193	2,253	1,887	-16%
Larceny/Theft Offenses	35,069	33,155	31,941	-4%
Pocket-picking	119	124	112	-10%
Purse-snatching	149	168	132	-21%
Shoplifting	3,810	4,174	5,234	25%
Theft From Building	1,667	1,799	1,661	-8%
Theft From Coin Operated Machine or Device	28	41	37	-10%
Theft From Motor Vehicle	15,412	11,986	10,250	-14%
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories	2,357	2,781	2,165	-22%
All Other Larceny	11,527	12,082	12,350	2%

	2021	2022	2023	Change 2022-2023
Fraud Offenses	8,401	9,380	7,018	-25%
False Pretenses/Swindle/Confidence Game	1,684	1553	1,402	-10%
Credit Card/Automatic Teller Fraud	1,858	1,397	805	-42%
Impersonation	3,452	4,130	2,744	-34%
Welfare Fraud	7	3	2	--
Wire Fraud	0	0	0	--
Identity Theft	1,385	2,278	2,025	-11%
Hacking/Computer Invasion	15	19	40	--
Total	**84,506**	**83,444**	**77,151**	**-8%**
Crimes Against Society				
Drug/Narcotic Violations	15,924	12,698	12,125	-5%
Drug Equipment Violations	9,392	8,123	8,292	2%
Pornography/Obscene Material	58	62	61	-2%
Prostitution	583	177	213	20%
Weapons Law Violation	3,486	3,190	2,898	-9%
Animal Cruelty	34	33	5	--
Gambling Offenses	3	5	8	--
Betting/Wagering	1	2	8	--
Operating/Promoting/Assisting Gambling	0	1	0	--
Gambling Equipment Violations	2	2	0	--
Sports Tampering	0	0	0	--
Total	**29,480**	**24,288**	**23,602**	**-3%**
Total Group A Offenses	**147,378**	**141,382**	**133,717**	**-5%**

Notes: Group A offenses include crimes against persons, crimes against property, and crimes against society. Prostitution includes three offenses: prostitution, assisting or promoting prostitution, and purchasing prostitution. Percent changes are not represented if either comparison number used to compute the crime equals 30 or less.

In 2021, Coronado police department provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (started reporting in August of 2021). In 2021 Cal State San Marcos University, San Diego State University, and University of California San Diego did not report CIBRS/NIBRS. In 2022, the University of California San Diego provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (starting in August 2022), and San Diego State University did not report CIBRS/NIBRS.

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Group A offenses crime rates per 1,000 population by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2021, 2022, and 2023

	2021	2022	2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	42.41	43.81	41.09	-6%
Chula Vista	34.19	34.41	33.33	-3%
Coronado	13.84	39.01	45.43	16%
El Cajon	57.04	53.12	49.56	-7%
Escondido	53.87	52.57	44.98	-14%
La Mesa	45.27	50.59	47.69	-6%
National City	56.81	55.91	52.06	-7%
Oceanside	58.63	55.26	49.45	-11%
San Diego	46.84	42.82	41.35	-3%
Sheriff- Total	39.63	38.74	34.80	-10%
Del Mar	44.73	61.34	44.03	-28%
Encinitas	39.77	43.57	34.90	-20%
Imperial Beach	47.22	38.41	39.71	3%
Lemon Grove	69.40	66.04	70.74	7%
Poway	24.69	28.06	24.49	-13%
San Marcos	31.58	34.55	29.02	-16%
Santee	34.76	30.06	30.52	2%
Solana Beach	37.42	37.54	32.47	-14%
Vista	43.16	44.75	42.74	-5%
Unincorporated	40.46	38.14	33.50	-12%
Total	**45.34**	**43.52**	**41.16**	**-5%**

Notes: Group A offenses include crimes against persons, crimes against property, and crimes against society. "Sheriff-Total" includes the contract cities and the unincorporated area served by the San Diego County Sheriff's Department, as well as crime reported in the Sheriff's detention facilities, courts staffed by the Sheriff, and crimes reported to the Sheriff that were determined to have occurred in a city not served by the Sheriff or at a location for which jurisdiction could not be determined. "Unincorporated" includes 4S Ranch, Alpine, Fallbrook, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, and Valley Center, and the unincorporated areas of Encinitas, Imperial Beach, Lemon Grove, Poway, San Marcos, Santee, and Vista. Percent changes are based on computed crime rates rounded to the precision level of two decimal points. Percent changes are not presented if either comparison number used to compute the crime rate equals 30 or less.

In 2021, Coronado police department provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (started reporting in August of 2021).

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS; SANDAG Population and Housing Estimates v2022

Crimes against persons rates per 1,000 population by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2021, 2022, and 2023

	2021	2022	2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	6.98	6.95	6.36	-8%
Chula Vista	8.32	8.48	8.20	-3%
Coronado	2.57	6.24	8.04	29%
El Cajon	13.13	11.59	12.16	5%
Escondido	10.56	10.31	10.14	-2%
La Mesa	9.82	11.03	12.37	12%
National City	14.44	13.73	13.81	<1%
Oceanside	13.34	13.61	12.55	-8%
San Diego	9.59	9.65	9.56	<1%
Sheriff- Total	10.90	11.08	10.52	-5%
Del Mar	9.35	9.42	11.71	24%
Encinitas	7.89	6.71	6.40	-5%
Imperial Beach	14.71	11.89	11.20	-6%
Lemon Grove	18.60	16.85	16.63	-1%
Poway	4.75	5.64	5.72	1%
San Marcos	9.05	7.55	7.28	-4%
Santee	9.08	7.86	8.01	2%
Solana Beach	6.12	6.01	5.31	-12%
Vista	11.44	11.97	11.35	-5%
Unincorporated	11.88	12.89	12.07	-6%
Total	**10.27**	**10.36**	**10.15**	**-2%**

Notes: Crimes against persons include murder, negligent manslaughter, justifiable homicide, non-consensual sex offenses, consensual sex offenses, human trafficking-commercial sex acts, and human trafficking- involuntary servitude. "Sheriff-Total" includes the contract cities and the unincorporated area served by the San Diego County Sheriff's Department, as well as crime reported in the Sheriff's detention facilities, courts staffed by the Sheriff, and crimes reported to the Sheriff that were determined to have occurred in a city not served by the Sheriff or at a location for which jurisdiction could not be determined. "Unincorporated" includes 4S Ranch, Alpine, Fallbrook, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, and Valley Center, and the unincorporated areas of Encinitas, Imperial Beach, Lemon Grove, Poway, San Marcos, Santee, and Vista. Percent changes are based on computed crime rates rounded to the precision level of two decimal points. Percent changes are not presented if either comparison number used to compute the crime rate equals 30 or less.

In 2021, Coronado police department provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (started reporting in August of 2021)

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS; SANDAG Population and Housing Estimates v2022

**Crimes against property rates per 1,000 population by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2021, 2022, and 2023**

	2021	2022	2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	29.04	30.19	27.87	-8%
Chula Vista	20.50	21.22	20.23	-5%
Coronado	10.00	27.20	31.69	17%
El Cajon	28.71	27.94	26.98	-3%
Escondido	27.49	28.48	24.32	-15%
La Mesa	29.48	33.82	27.40	-19%
National City	35.35	35.98	31.45	-13%
Oceanside	32.39	32.97	29.56	-10%
San Diego	30.61	28.42	26.86	-6%
Sheriff- Total	17.09	17.19	14.23	-17%
Del Mar	33.11	45.56	27.23	-40%
Encinitas	21.73	22.63	18.79	-17%
Imperial Beach	18.60	17.76	15.39	-13%
Lemon Grove	30.71	32.96	26.17	-21%
Poway	14.68	15.98	12.90	-19%
San Marcos	14.88	15.81	12.42	-21%
Santee	15.30	14.44	14.73	2%
Solana Beach	26.11	26.30	21.62	-18%
Vista	20.20	22.35	18.37	-18%
Unincorporated	15.49	14.72	12.14	-18%
Total	**26.00**	**25.69**	**23.75**	**-8%**

Notes: Crimes against property category include robbery, burglary/breaking & entering, larceny/theft offenses, motor vehicle theft, arson, destruction of property, counterfeiting/forgery, fraud offense, embezzlement, extortion/blackmail, bribery, and stolen property offenses. "Sheriff-Total" includes the contract cities and the unincorporated area served by the San Diego County Sheriff's Department, as well as crime reported in the Sheriff's detention facilities, courts staffed by the Sheriff, and crimes reported to the Sheriff that were determined to have occurred in a city not served by the Sheriff or at a location for which jurisdiction could not be determined. "Unincorporated" includes 4S Ranch, Alpine, Fallbrook, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, and Valley Center, and the unincorporated areas of Encinitas, Imperial Beach, Lemon Grove, Poway, San Marcos, Santee, and Vista. Percent changes are based on computed crime rates rounded to the precision level of two decimal points. Percent changes are not presented if either comparison number used to compute the crime rate equals 30 or less.

In 2021, Coronado police department provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (started reporting in August of 2021)

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS; SANDAG Population and Housing Estimates v2022

**Crimes against society rates per 1,000 population by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2021, 2022, and 2023**

	2021	2022	2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	6.39	6.68	6.86	3%
Chula Vista	5.36	4.71	4.90	4%
Coronado	1.28	5.57	5.70	2%
El Cajon	15.20	13.59	10.41	-23%
Escondido	15.83	13.78	10.53	-24%
La Mesa	5.97	5.74	7.92	38%
National City	7.01	6.20	6.80	10%
Oceanside	12.90	8.68	7.34	-15%
San Diego	6.64	4.75	4.93	4%
Sheriff- Total	11.65	10.47	10.05	-4%
Del Mar	2.27	6.36	5.09	--
Encinitas	10.16	14.22	9.70	-32%
Imperial Beach	13.91	8.76	13.11	50%
Lemon Grove	20.09	16.22	27.93	72%
Poway	5.26	6.44	5.87	-9%
San Marcos	7.66	11.18	9.33	-17%
Santee	10.38	7.76	7.78	<1%
Solana Beach	5.19	5.23	5.54	6%
Vista	11.51	10.43	13.02	25%
Unincorporated	13.10	10.54	9.29	-12%
Total	**9.07**	**7.48**	**7.27**	**-3%**

Notes: Crimes against society category includes drug/narcotic violations, drug equipment violations, gambling offenses, pornography/obscene material, prostitution, weapons law violation, and animal cruelty. "Sheriff-Total" includes the contract cities and the unincorporated area served by the San Diego County Sheriff's Department, as well as crime reported in the Sheriff's detention facilities, courts staffed by the Sheriff, and crimes reported to the Sheriff that were determined to have occurred in a city not served by the Sheriff or at a location for which jurisdiction could not be determined. "Unincorporated" includes 4S Ranch, Alpine, Fallbrook, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, and Valley Center, and the unincorporated areas of Encinitas, Imperial Beach, Lemon Grove, Poway, San Marcos, Santee, and Vista. Percent changes are based on computed crime rates rounded to the precision level of two decimal points. Percent changes are not presented if either comparison number used to compute the crime rate equals 30 or less.

In 2021, Coronado police department provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (started reporting in August of 2021)

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS; SANDAG Population and Housing Estimates v2022

Appendix Table 6

Group A offenses by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2021, 2022, and 2023

	2021	2022	2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	4,906	5,064	4,749	-6%
Chula Vista	9,467	9,523	9,225	-3%
Coronado	313	869	1,012	16%
El Cajon	6,072	5,612	5,235	-7%
Escondido	8,156	7,921	6,778	-14%
La Mesa	2,744	3,059	2,884	-6%
National City	3,508	3,437	3,200	-7%
Oceanside	10,197	9,563	8,557	-11%
San Diego	64,254	58,864	56,851	-3%
Sheriff- Total	36,035	35,172	31,598	-10%
Del Mar	177	241	173	-28%
Encinitas	2,455	2,680	2,147	-20%
Imperial Beach	1,249	1,008	1,042	3%
Lemon Grove	1,903	1,799	1,927	7%
Poway	1,206	1,368	1,194	-13%
San Marcos	2,936	3,233	2,716	-16%
Santee	2,056	1,774	1,801	2%
Solana Beach	483	481	416	-14%
Vista	4,296	4,488	4,286	-5%
Unincorporated	19,274	18,100	15,896	-12%
San Diego Harbor Police	1,726	1,496	1,558	4%
University of California San Diego	--	589	1,300	121%
Calif. State University San Marcos	--	213	203	-5%
San Diego State University	--	-	567	--
Total	**147,378**	**141,382**	**133,717**	**-5%**

Notes: Group A offenses include crimes against persons, crimes against property, and crimes against society. "Sheriff-Total" includes the contract cities and the unincorporated area served by the San Diego County Sheriff's Department, as well as crime reported in the Sheriff's detention facilities, courts staffed by the Sheriff, and crimes reported to the Sheriff that were determined to have occurred in a city not served by the Sheriff or at a location for which jurisdiction could not be determined. "Unincorporated" includes 4S Ranch, Alpine, Fallbrook, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, and Valley Center, and the unincorporated areas of Encinitas, Imperial Beach, Lemon Grove, Poway, San Marcos, Santee, and Vista. Percent changes are not represented if either comparison number used to compute the crime equals 30 or less.

In 2021, Coronado police department provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (started reporting in August of 2021). In 2021 Cal State San Marcos University, San Diego State University, and University of California San Diego did not report CIBRS/NIBRS. In 2022, the University of California San Diego provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (starting in August 2022), and San Diego State University did not report CIBRS/NIBRS.

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

**Crimes against person by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2021, 2022, and 2023**

	2021	2022	2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	808	803	735	-8%
Chula Vista	2,305	2,346	2,270	-3%
Coronado	58	139	179	29%
El Cajon	1,398	1,224	1,285	5%
Escondido	1,598	1,553	1,528	-2%
La Mesa	595	667	748	12%
National City	892	844	849	<1%
Oceanside	2,320	2,355	2171	-8%
San Diego	1,3151	13,260	13,139	<1%
Sheriff- Total	9,909	10,060	9,553	-5%
Del Mar	37	37	46	24%
Encinitas	487	413	394	-5%
Imperial Beach	389	312	294	-6%
Lemon Grove	510	459	453	-1%
Poway	232	275	279	2%
San Marcos	841	707	681	-4%
Santee	537	464	473	2%
Solana Beach	79	77	68	-12%
Vista	1,139	1,200	1,138	-5%
Unincorporated	5,658	6,116	5,727	-6%
San Diego Harbor Police	358	348	343	-1%
University of California San Diego	--	32	62	94%
Calif. State University San Marcos	--	19	30	--
San Diego State University	--	--	72	--
Total	**33,392**	**33,650**	**32,964**	**-2%**

Notes: Crimes against persons include murder, negligent manslaughter, justifiable homicide, non-consensual sex offenses, consensual sex offenses, human trafficking: commercial sex acts, and human trafficking: involuntary servitude. "Sheriff-Total" includes the contract cities and the unincorporated area served by the San Diego County Sheriff's Department, as well as crime reported in the Sheriff's detention facilities, courts staffed by the Sheriff, and crimes reported to the Sheriff that were determined to have occurred in a city not served by the Sheriff or at a location for which jurisdiction could not be determined. "Unincorporated" includes 4S Ranch, Alpine, Fallbrook, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, and Valley Center, and the unincorporated areas of Encinitas, Imperial Beach, Lemon Grove, Poway, San Marcos, Santee, and Vista. Percent changes are not presented if either comparison number used to compute the crime rate equals 30 or less.

In 2021, Coronado police department provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (started reporting in August of 2021). In 2021 Cal State San Marcos University, San Diego State University, and University of California San Diego did not report CIBRS/NIBRS. In 2022, the University of California San Diego provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (starting in August 2022), and San Diego State University did not report CIBRS/NIBRS.

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Crimes against property by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2021, 2022, and 2023

	2021	2022	2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	3,359	3,489	3,221	-8%
Chula Vista	5,678	5,872	5,599	-5%
Coronado	226	606	706	17%
El Cajon	3,056	2,952	2,850	-4%
Escondido	4,161	4,291	3,664	-15%
La Mesa	1,787	2,045	1,657	-19%
National City	2,183	2,212	1,933	-13%
Oceanside	5,633	5,706	5,116	-10%
San Diego	41,989	39,067	36,933	-6%
Sheriff- Total	15,535	15,609	12,918	-17%
Del Mar	131	179	107	-40%
Encinitas	1,341	1,392	1156	-17%
Imperial Beach	492	466	404	-13%
Lemon Grove	842	898	713	-21%
Poway	717	779	629	-19%
San Marcos	1,383	1,480	1,162	-22%
Santee	905	852	869	2%
Solana Beach	337	337	277	-18%
Vista	2,011	2,242	1,842	-18%
Unincorporated	7,376	6,984	5,759	-18%
San Diego Harbor Police	899	899	841	-7%
University of California San Diego	--	537	1133	111%
Calif. State University San Marcos	--	159	131	-18%
San Diego State University	--	-	449	--
Total	**84,506**	**83,444**	**77,151**	**-8%**

Notes: Crimes against property category include robbery, burglary/breaking & entering, larceny/theft offenses, motor vehicle theft, arson, destruction of property, counterfeiting/forgery, fraud offense, embezzlement, extortion/blackmail, bribery, and stolen property offenses. "Sheriff-Total" includes the contract cities and the unincorporated area served by the San Diego County Sheriff's Department, as well as crime reported in the Sheriff's detention facilities, courts staffed by the Sheriff, and crimes reported to the Sheriff that were determined to have occurred in a city not served by the Sheriff or at a location for which jurisdiction could not be determined. "Unincorporated" includes 4S Ranch, Alpine, Fallbrook, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, and Valley Center, and the unincorporated areas of Encinitas, Imperial Beach, Lemon Grove, Poway, San Marcos, Santee, and Vista. Percent changes are not presented if either comparison number used to compute the crime rate equals 30 or less.

In 2021, Coronado police department provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (started reporting in August of 2021). In 2021 Cal State San Marcos University, San Diego State University, and University of California San Diego did not report CIBRS/NIBRS. In 2022, the University of California San Diego provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (starting in August 2022), and San Diego State University did not report CIBRS/NIBRS.

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

**Crimes against society by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2021, 2022, and 2023**

	2021	2022	2023	Change 2022-2023
Carlsbad	739	772	793	3%
Chula Vista	1,484	1305	1,356	4%
Coronado	29	124	127	2%
El Cajon	1,618	1,436	1,100	-23%
Escondido	2,397	2,077	1,586	-24%
La Mesa	362	347	479	38%
National City	433	381	418	10%
Oceanside	2,244	1,502	1,270	-15%
San Diego	9114	6,537	6,779	4%
Sheriff- Total	10,591	9,503	9,127	-4%
Del Mar	9	25	20	--
Encinitas	627	875	597	-32%
Imperial Beach	368	230	344	50%
Lemon Grove	551	442	761	72%
Poway	257	314	286	-9%
San Marcos	712	1,046	873	-17%
Santee	614	458	459	<1%
Solana Beach	67	67	71	6%
Vista	1,146	1,046	1,306	25%
Unincorporated	6,240	5,000	4,410	-12%
San Diego Harbor Police	469	249	374	50%
University of California San Diego	--	20	105	--
Calif. State University San Marcos	--	35	42	20%
San Diego State University	--	--	46	--
Total	**29,480**	**24,288**	**23,602**	**-3%**

Notes: Crimes against society category includes drug/narcotic violations, drug equipment violations, gambling offenses, pornography/obscene material, prostitution, weapons law violation, and animal cruelty. "Sheriff-Total" includes the contract cities and the unincorporated area served by the San Diego County Sheriff's Department, as well as crime reported in the Sheriff's detention facilities, courts staffed by the Sheriff, and crimes reported to the Sheriff that were determined to have occurred in a city not served by the Sheriff or at a location for which jurisdiction could not be determined. "Unincorporated" includes 4S Ranch, Alpine, Fallbrook, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, and Valley Center, and the unincorporated areas of Encinitas, Imperial Beach, Lemon Grove, Poway, San Marcos, Santee, and Vista. Percent changes are not presented if either comparison number used to compute the crime rate equals 30 or less.

In 2021, Coronado police department provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (started reporting in August of 2021). In 2021 Cal State San Marcos University, San Diego State University, and University of California San Diego did not report CIBRS/NIBRS. In 2022, the University of California San Diego provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (starting in August 2022), and San Diego State University did not report CIBRS/NIBRS.

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Appendix Table 10a

Group A offenses by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2021

	Carlsbad	Chula Vista	Coronado	El Cajon	Escondido	La Mesa	National City	Oceanside	San Diego	Sheriff-Total	Del Mar	Encinitas	Imperial Beach
Crimes Against Persons													
Murder	2	9	0	2	2	2	4	6	57	28	0	0	3
Negligent Manslaughter	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	2	8	1	0	0	0
Justifiable Homicide	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-consensual Sex Offenses	60	161	6	116	127	26	61	167	935	409	2	29	12
Rape	25	37	2	33	32	8	15	64	342	109	0	6	3
Sodomy	5	22	3	7	10	4	6	19	88	26	1	1	1
Sexual Assault with An Object	4	12	0	10	6	4	2	11	70	22	0	3	1
Fondling	26	90	1	66	79	10	38	73	435	252	1	19	7
Aggravated Assault	169	614	13	372	390	118	289	545	4,120	2,020	4	92	80
Simple Assault	454	1,215	36	762	902	409	454	1,385	7,036	6,758	31	336	258
Intimidation	98	198	1	110	123	25	51	155	757	493	0	24	31
Kidnapping/Abduction	23	101	1	30	40	12	29	41	216	159	0	6	5
Consensual Sex Offenses	2	6	1	5	10	2	4	19	22	36	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	2	6	1	5	9	2	4	19	22	36	0	0	0
Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0
Total Crimes Against Persons	**808**	**2,305**	**58**	**1,398**	**1,598**	**595**	**892**	**2,320**	**13,151**	**9,909**	**37**	**487**	**389**
Crimes Against Property													
Robbery	42	267	1	124	154	45	93	173	1,110	418	2	26	18
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	296	437	24	275	361	195	140	464	3,566	1,747	20	146	32
Motor Vehicle Theft	193	909	11	400	568	201	332	471	6,366	2,042	7	109	91
Arson	19	50	1	27	31	15	17	41	156	56	0	1	4
Destruction Of Property	474	964	40	566	660	207	488	1,187	8,365	2,552	19	173	124
Counterfeiting/Forgery	67	58	5	49	37	35	24	66	247	259	4	15	4
Embezzlement	7	12	0	9	4	5	2	11	63	48	1	4	0
Extortion/Blackmail	11	22	0	2	8	0	6	29	56	22	0	3	1
Bribery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property Offenses	107	133	16	92	108	43	75	94	781	691	1	30	10
Larceny/Theft Offenses	1,592	2,154	107	1,243	1,819	792	865	2,581	17,606	5,859	64	681	162
Pocket-picking	2	6	0	6	4	3	4	15	65	9	0	0	0

	Carlsbad	Chula Vista	Coronado	El Cajon	Escondido	La Mesa	National City	Oceanside	San Diego	Sheriff-Total	Del Mar	Encinitas	Imperial Beach
Purse-snatching	3	9	0	8	6	2	1	6	83	26	0	1	0
Shoplifting	215	252	15	174	391	128	112	380	1,110	1,008	1	154	8
Theft From Building	52	111	5	51	59	28	58	226	520	497	8	40	13
Theft From Coin Operated Machine or Device	1	2	0	3	1	1	0	2	4	13	0	1	0
Theft From Motor Vehicle	745	1,114	11	599	607	344	428	993	7,978	2,473	35	266	78
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories	71	216	17	127	270	137	28	256	533	689	3	105	19
All Other Larceny	503	444	59	275	481	149	234	703	7,313	1,144	17	114	44
Fraud Offenses	551	672	21	269	411	249	141	516	3,672	1,841	13	153	46
False Pretenses/Swindle/Confidence Game	140	220	12	64	17	48	45	179	590	362	2	22	13
Credit Card/Automatic Teller Fraud	77	162	2	11	10	3	24	116	1,258	187	0	12	6
Impersonation	204	277	1	194	335	127	55	125	1,810	282	3	31	6
Welfare Fraud	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0
Identity Theft	127	9	6	0	49	70	17	91	13	1,002	8	87	21
Hacking/Computer Invasion	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	6	0	0	0
Total Crimes Against Property	**3,359**	**5,678**	**226**	**3,056**	**4,161**	**1,787**	**2,183**	**5,633**	**41,989**	**15,535**	**131**	**1,341**	**492**
Crimes Against Society													
Drug/Narcotic Violations	392	675	12	827	1,473	204	193	1,193	5,229	5,517	5	281	177
Drug Equipment Violations	261	544	11	599	622	106	113	820	2,428	3,755	4	246	154
Pornography/Obscene Material	5	4	0	6	4	2	5	6	11	13	0	0	1
Prostitution	16	37	0	1	86	0	33	9	188	213	0	59	0
Weapons Law Violation	62	223	5	183	210	48	89	210	1,250	1,081	0	41	36
Animal Cruelty	3	1	1	1	2	2	0	6	6	12	0	0	0
Gambling Offenses	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Betting/Wagering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Operating/Promoting/Assisting Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling Equipment Violations	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Total Crimes Against Society	**739**	**1,484**	**29**	**1,618**	**2,397**	**362**	**433**	**2,244**	**9,114**	**10,591**	**9**	**627**	**368**
Total Group A Offenses	**4,906**	**9,467**	**313**	**6,072**	**8,156**	**2,744**	**3,508**	**10,197**	**64,254**	**36,035**	**177**	**2,455**	**1,249**

Notes: Group A offenses include crimes against persons, crimes against property, and crimes against society. Prostitution includes three offenses: prostitution, assisting or promoting prostitution, and purchasing prostitution.

In 2021, Coronado police department provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (started reporting in August of 2021). In 2021 Cal State San Marcos University, San Diego State University, and University of California San Diego did not report CIBRS/NIBRS.

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Group A offenses by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2021

	Lemon Grove	Poway	San Marcos	Santee	Solana Beach	Vista	Unincor-porated	Harbor	UCSD	CSUSM	SDSU
Crimes Against Persons											
Murder	2	0	3	0	0	2	18	0	--	--	--
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	--	--	--
Justifiable Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--	--	--
Non-consensual Sex Offenses	15	13	57	24	6	44	207	18	--	--	--
Rape	5	3	15	5	3	14	55	8	--	--	--
Sodomy	1	2	0	1	1	2	16	2	--	--	--
Sexual Assault with An Object	0	1	2	3	0	2	10	1	--	--	--
Fondling	9	7	40	15	2	26	126	7	--	--	--
Aggravated Assault	135	45	140	109	14	247	1,154	108	--	--	--
Simple Assault	306	151	589	360	52	741	3,934	195	--	--	--
Intimidation	46	16	36	33	1	76	230	33	--	--	--
Kidnapping/Abduction	4	6	12	8	6	23	89	4	--	--	--
Consensual Sex Offenses	1	1	4	3	0	5	22	0	--	--	--
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--	--	--
Statutory Rape	1	1	4	3	0	5	22	0	--	--	--
Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--	--	--
Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	--	--	--
Total Crimes Against Persons	**510**	**232**	**841**	**537**	**79**	**1,139**	**5,658**	**358**	**--**	**--**	**--**
Crimes Against Property											
Robbery	37	25	44	32	10	82	142	12	--	--	--
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	82	96	169	96	62	227	817	69	--	--	--
Motor Vehicle Theft	114	49	180	74	35	283	1,100	11	--	--	--
Arson	2	2	2	7	0	8	30	5	--	--	--
Destruction Of Property	202	93	233	131	33	326	1,218	220	--	--	--
Counterfeiting/Forgery	8	20	10	16	5	22	155	16	--	--	--
Embezzlement	3	8	2	5	0	9	16	2	--	--	--
Extortion/Blackmail	1	2	1	1	1	2	10	2	--	--	--
Bribery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--	--	--
Stolen Property Offenses	41	37	37	39	9	49	438	53	--	--	--

	Lemon Grove	Poway	San Marcos	Santee	Solana Beach	Vista	Unincor-porated	Harbor	UCSD	CSUSM	SDSU
Larceny/Theft Offenses	295	297	592	393	139	789	2,447	451	--	--	--
Pocket-picking	1	1	1	0	0	0	6	5	--	--	--
Purse-snatching	3	0	1	2	1	0	18	5	--	--	--
Shoplifting	83	48	138	172	12	177	215	25	--	--	--
Theft From Building	28	36	44	19	11	56	242	60	--	--	--
Theft From Coin Operated Machine or Device	0	0	1	0	0	1	10	1	--	--	--
Theft From Motor Vehicle	94	122	255	120	67	318	1,118	120	--	--	--
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories	39	51	58	33	23	110	248	13	--	--	--
All Other Larceny	47	39	94	47	25	127	590	222	--	--	--
Fraud Offenses	57	88	113	111	43	214	1,003	58	--	--	--
False Pretenses/Swindle/Confidence Game	22	26	27	22	5	48	175	7	--	--	--
Credit Card/Automatic Teller Fraud	6	22	20	2	2	32	85	8	--	--	--
Impersonation	16	9	13	12	9	34	149	42	--	--	--
Welfare Fraud	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	--	--	--
Identity Theft	13	30	51	74	27	100	591	1	--	--	--
Hacking/Computer Invasion	0	0	2	1	0	0	3	0	--	--	--
Total Crimes Against Property	**842**	**717**	**1,383**	**905**	**337**	**2,011**	**7,376**	**899**	**--**	**--**	**--**
Crimes Against Society											
Drug/Narcotic Violations	281	122	315	294	30	641	3,371	209	--	--	--
Drug Equipment Violations	215	102	208	261	28	394	2,143	133	--	--	--
Pornography/Obscene Material	1	2	0	0	0	1	8	2	--	--	--
Prostitution	1	4	92	12	0	0	45	0	--	--	--
Weapons Law Violation	53	27	96	47	9	108	664	125	--	--	--
Animal Cruelty	0	0	1	0	0	2	9	0	--	--	--
Gambling Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--	--	--
Betting/Wagering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--	--	--
Operating/Promoting/Assisting Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--	--	--
Gambling Equipment Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--	--	--
Total Crimes Against Society	**551**	**257**	**712**	**614**	**67**	**1,146**	**6,240**	**469**	**--**	**--**	**--**
Total Group A Offenses	**1,903**	**1,206**	**2,936**	**2,056**	**483**	**4,296**	**19,274**	**1,726**	**--**	**--**	**--**

Notes: Group A offenses include crimes against persons, crimes against property, and crimes against society. Prostitution includes three offenses: prostitution, assisting or promoting prostitution, and purchasing prostitution.

In 2021, Coronado police department provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (started reporting in August of 2021). In 2021 Cal State San Marcos University, San Diego State University, and University of California San Diego did not report CIBRS/NIBRS.

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Crime in the San Diego Region: 2021 through 2023 – Appendix Tables

Group A offenses by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2022

	Carlsbad	Chula Vista	Coronado	El Cajon	Escondido	La Mesa	National City	Oceanside	San Diego	Sheriff-Total	Del Mar	Encinitas	Imperial Beach
Crimes Against Persons													
Murder	0	8	0	0	2	1	7	8	51	28	0	0	2
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	1	0	0	0
Justifiable Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Non-consensual Sex Offenses	64	112	24	68	105	27	62	163	797	349	2	12	17
Rape	20	28	13	18	32	8	19	44	322	72	1	2	2
Sodomy	5	4	1	6	5	2	3	8	80	24	0	1	1
Sexual Assault with An Object	4	4	0	8	8	2	2	7	43	15	1	1	0
Fondling	35	76	10	36	60	15	38	104	352	238	0	8	14
Aggravated Assault	167	658	38	347	331	125	215	603	4,199	2,176	2	89	69
Simple Assault	477	1,287	61	649	927	427	470	1,339	7,137	6,693	29	292	196
Intimidation	78	188	11	111	115	69	54	212	832	625	3	14	23
Kidnapping/Abduction	13	87	5	46	66	14	32	22	221	159	0	5	3
Consensual Sex Offenses	4	6	0	3	7	4	3	5	13	27	1	1	1
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	4	6	0	3	7	4	3	5	13	27	1	1	1
Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	1
Total Crimes Against Persons	**803**	**2,346**	**139**	**1,224**	**1,553**	**667**	**844**	**2,355**	**13,260**	**10,060**	**37**	**413**	**312**
Crimes Against Property													
Robbery	48	295	6	118	145	48	104	172	1,294	419	2	18	25
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	300	528	44	273	430	175	186	507	3,357	1,717	24	148	38
Motor Vehicle Theft	189	1,006	33	347	599	200	305	480	6,607	2,033	21	108	79
Arson	11	38	0	22	17	19	11	42	176	78	1	1	0
Destruction Of Property	513	943	131	581	755	257	417	1,189	7,268	2,436	18	173	101
Counterfeiting/Forgery	51	54	12	39	43	27	21	58	235	252	0	15	3
Embezzlement	12	6	3	10	7	2	7	10	68	46	0	4	1
Extortion/Blackmail	13	13	7	3	2	1	1	22	36	24	0	3	1
Bribery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Stolen Property Offenses	138	130	29	116	122	48	31	129	700	761	4	41	15
Larceny/Theft Offenses	1,617	2,124	261	1,109	1,759	921	785	2,541	15,392	5,888	76	690	160
Pocket-picking	8	7	3	4	2	1	6	7	65	15	0	5	2

	Carlsbad	Chula Vista	Coronado	El Cajon	Escondido	La Mesa	National City	Oceanside	San Diego	Sheriff-Total	Del Mar	Encinitas	Imperial Beach
Purse-snatching	4	5	1	5	14	3	5	14	79	31	0	6	0
Shoplifting	227	334	29	214	411	150	166	300	1,174	1,117	2	149	9
Theft From Building	56	213	14	56	75	41	64	246	428	494	4	42	23
Theft From Coin Operated Machine or Device	0	3	1	1	3	3	2	2	8	10	0	0	0
Theft From Motor Vehicle	571	865	58	399	452	353	299	932	5,815	2,132	51	250	64
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories	132	288	13	130	281	201	33	246	509	927	3	93	18
All Other Larceny	619	409	142	300	521	169	210	794	7,314	1,162	16	145	44
Fraud Offenses	597	735	80	334	412	347	344	556	3,934	1,954	33	191	43
False Pretenses/Swindle/Confidence Game	153	225	52	70	25	28	32	175	409	363	2	28	4
Credit Card/Automatic Teller Fraud	104	195	3	13	11	9	136	133	582	185	0	4	8
Impersonation	131	247	13	251	257	15	41	25	2,829	293	5	28	5
Welfare Fraud	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Identity Theft	207	67	12	0	119	295	135	214	110	1,107	26	131	26
Hacking/Computer Invasion	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	3	5	0	0	0
Total Crimes Against Property	**3,489**	**5,872**	**606**	**2,952**	**4,291**	**2,045**	**2,212**	**5,706**	**39,067**	**15,609**	**179**	**1,392**	**466**
Crimes Against Society													
Drug/Narcotic Violations	405	598	49	684	1,320	193	175	800	3,540	4,823	10	383	121
Drug Equipment Violations	290	435	42	583	531	114	116	528	1,793	3,627	14	435	85
Pornography/Obscene Material	8	8	6	4	5	0	2	3	10	16	0	0	0
Prostitution	2	24	1	2	4	0	14	2	85	42	0	14	0
Weapons Law Violation	67	238	25	161	215	40	74	165	1,093	985	1	41	23
Animal Cruelty	0	2	1	2	2	0	0	4	11	10	0	2	1
Gambling Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0
Betting/Wagering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Operating/Promoting/Assisting Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Gambling Equipment Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Total Crimes Against Society	**772**	**1,305**	**124**	**1,436**	**2,077**	**347**	**381**	**1,502**	**6,537**	**9,503**	**25**	**875**	**230**
Total Group A Offenses	**5,064**	**9,523**	**869**	**5,612**	**7,921**	**3,059**	**3,437**	**9,563**	**58,864**	**35,172**	**241**	**2,680**	**1,008**

Notes: Group A offenses include crimes against persons, crimes against property, and crimes against society. Prostitution includes three offenses: prostitution, assisting or promoting prostitution, and purchasing prostitution.

In 2022, University of California San Diego provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (started reporting in August of 2022). In 2022 San Diego State University, and University of California San Diego did not report CIBRS/NIBRS.

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Group A offenses by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2022

	Lemon Grove	Poway	San Marcos	Santee	Solana Beach	Vista	Unincor-porated	Harbor	UCSD	CSUSM	SDSU
Crimes Against Persons											
Murder	3	0	0	1	0	1	21	0	0	0	--
Negligent Manslaughter	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	--
Justifiable Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	--
Non-consensual Sex Offenses	13	9	29	20	3	37	207	9	6	4	--
Rape	2	2	6	7	1	13	36	3	2	2	--
Sodomy	0	0	1	1	0	1	19	1	0	1	--
Sexual Assault with An Object	0	0	1	1	0	0	11	0	0	0	--
Fondling	11	7	21	11	2	23	141	5	4	1	--
Aggravated Assault	110	59	136	106	15	272	1,318	115	2	0	--
Simple Assault	273	168	490	297	49	756	4,143	186	14	7	--
Intimidation	50	31	39	30	10	112	313	27	10	2	--
Kidnapping/Abduction	10	5	11	9	0	21	95	9	0	5	--
Consensual Sex Offenses	0	2	2	1	0	1	18	0	0	1	--
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--
Statutory Rape	0	2	2	1	0	1	18	0	0	1	--
Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--
Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--
Total Crimes Against Persons	**459**	**275**	**707**	**464**	**77**	**1,200**	**6,116**	**348**	**32**	**19**	**--**
Crimes Against Property											
Robbery	45	17	61	31	4	77	139	5	2	1	--
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	73	73	189	74	43	292	763	75	6	7	--
Motor Vehicle Theft	139	44	169	70	26	309	1,068	54	179	1	--
Arson	7	2	5	11	0	8	43	7	1	2	--
Destruction Of Property	154	115	180	94	44	369	1,188	183	74	81	--
Counterfeiting/Forgery	8	16	11	19	3	31	146	6	0	5	--
Embezzlement	3	4	4	4	0	7	19	2	0	0	--
Extortion/Blackmail	0	5	1	1	0	2	11	0	8	2	--
Bribery	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--
Stolen Property Offenses	28	26	70	25	8	104	440	38	4	7	--

	Lemon Grove	Poway	San Marcos	Santee	Solana Beach	Vista	Unincor-porated	Harbor	UCSD	CSUSM	SDSU
Larceny/Theft Offenses	269	355	658	389	162	872	2,257	474	240	44	--
Pocket-picking	0	0	3	1	0	0	4	6	0	0	--
Purse-snatching	0	4	8	0	1	4	8	7	0	0	--
Shoplifting	110	81	167	120	9	228	242	35	16	1	--
Theft From Building	25	52	47	17	9	48	227	88	19	5	--
Theft From Coin Operated Machine or Device	0	0	2	0	0	2	6	0	7	1	--
Theft From Motor Vehicle	70	121	229	98	90	291	868	86	16	8	--
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories	41	61	117	89	18	154	333	6	13	2	--
All Other Larceny	23	36	85	64	35	145	569	246	169	27	--
Fraud Offenses	172	122	131	134	47	171	910	55	23	9	--
False Pretenses/Swindle/Confidence Game	57	35	35	13	10	35	144	9	9	3	--
Credit Card/Automatic Teller Fraud	5	36	22	5	0	25	80	14	10	2	--
Impersonation	49	15	12	15	12	30	122	23	2	3	--
Welfare Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	--
Identity Theft	61	36	60	101	25	80	561	9	2	1	--
Hacking/Computer Invasion	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	--
Total Crimes Against Property	**898**	**779**	**1,480**	**852**	**337**	**2,242**	**6,984**	**899**	**537**	**159**	**--**
Crimes Against Society											
Drug/Narcotic Violations	174	150	505	230	32	576	2,642	85	10	16	--
Drug Equipment Violations	225	134	409	181	30	350	1,764	48	3	13	--
Pornography/Obscene Material	0	1	3	1	0	3	8	0	0	0	--
Prostitution	0	0	0	6	0	13	9	0	0	1	--
Weapons Law Violation	43	28	128	40	5	102	574	115	7	5	--
Animal Cruelty	0	1	1	0	0	2	3	1	0	0	--
Gambling Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--
Betting/Wagering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--
Operating/Promoting/Assisting Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--
Gambling Equipment Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--
Total Crimes Against Society	**442**	**314**	**1,046**	**458**	**67**	**1,046**	**5,000**	**249**	**20**	**35**	**--**
Total Group A Offenses	**1,799**	**1,368**	**3,233**	**1,774**	**481**	**4,488**	**18,100**	**1,496**	**589**	**213**	**--**

Notes: Group A offenses include crimes against persons, crimes against property, and crimes against society. Prostitution includes three offenses: prostitution, assisting or promoting prostitution, and purchasing prostitution.

In 2022, University of California San Diego provided partial CIBRS/NIBRS data (started reporting in August of 2022). In 2022 San Diego State University, and University of California San Diego did not report CIBRS/NIBRS.

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Crime in the San Diego Region: 2021 through 2023 – Appendix Tables

Group A offenses by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2023

	Carlsbad	Chula Vista	Coronado	El Cajon	Escondido	La Mesa	National City	Oceanside	San Diego	Sheriff-Total	Del Mar	Encinitas	Imperial Beach
Crimes Against Persons													
Murder	0	5	1	0	2	2	1	3	43	26	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	0
Justifiable Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-consensual Sex Offenses	46	116	15	93	99	35	58	140	676	312	0	20	10
Rape	13	34	6	32	26	11	12	42	223	51	0	2	3
Sodomy	5	7	1	2	10	1	6	3	48	23	0	0	0
Sexual Assault with An Object	1	6	1	8	3	3	4	10	38	16	0	1	1
Fondling	24	69	7	51	60	20	36	85	367	222	0	17	6
Aggravated Assault	170	755	43	355	418	157	243	581	4,339	2,400	5	104	75
Simple Assault	416	1,048	81	696	884	450	445	1,221	6,944	6,115	37	236	177
Intimidation	89	261	29	102	76	84	78	184	887	531	2	24	29
Kidnapping/Abduction	14	81	7	33	39	20	20	32	209	153	2	10	2
Consensual Sex Offenses	3	4	3	6	10	0	4	10	21	16	0	0	1
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	3	4	3	6	10	0	4	10	20	16	0	0	1
Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0
Total Crimes Against Persons	**735**	**2,270**	**179**	**1,285**	**1,528**	**748**	**849**	**2,171**	**13,139**	**9,553**	**46**	**394**	**294**
Crimes Against Property													
Robbery	49	201	8	102	131	61	116	113	1,212	419	0	29	16
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	275	384	45	220	362	176	143	492	2,834	1,398	22	106	21
Motor Vehicle Theft	154	1,135	86	304	364	170	352	395	6,714	1,729	13	87	104
Arson	9	28	1	25	15	6	11	29	139	71	0	4	3
Destruction Of Property	554	985	133	620	656	200	383	1,182	6,857	2,187	11	147	84
Counterfeiting/Forgery	43	51	8	38	38	22	28	70	191	178	2	12	3
Embezzlement	10	7	2	5	5	3	12	14	72	39	0	1	0
Extortion/Blackmail	1	5	6	0	1	2	1	1	12	8	0	1	0
Bribery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Stolen Property Offenses	140	110	23	172	80	83	40	94	540	547	0	28	25
Larceny/Theft Offenses	1,465	2,129	272	1,087	1,686	674	696	2,215	15,684	4,841	43	568	116
Pocket-picking	5	4	3	1	5	1	3	15	55	12	1	2	0

	Carlsbad	Chula Vista	Coronado	El Cajon	Escondido	La Mesa	National City	Oceanside	San Diego	Sheriff-Total	Del Mar	Encinitas	Imperial Beach
Purse-snatching	4	2	2	4	7	1	1	4	71	30	0	10	2
Shoplifting	288	532	30	357	522	151	223	345	1,421	1,229	0	157	18
Theft From Building	30	237	32	33	95	24	45	181	434	378	4	37	15
Theft From Coin Operated Machine or Device	1	3	0	1	2	1	3	3	6	11	1	0	0
Theft From Motor Vehicle	391	732	57	307	421	266	244	644	5,436	1,620	20	181	44
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories	100	264	18	79	191	109	13	211	624	506	2	49	4
All Other Larceny	646	355	130	305	443	121	164	812	7,637	1,055	15	132	33
Fraud Offenses	521	564	122	277	326	260	151	511	2,678	1,500	16	173	32
False Pretenses/Swindle/Confidence Game	151	167	85	55	24	37	18	201	292	316	2	32	4
Credit Card/Automatic Teller Fraud	67	133	14	18	11	6	62	111	252	121	1	17	2
Impersonation	175	39	10	204	171	21	21	32	1,849	209	4	22	7
Welfare Fraud	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Identity Theft	125	222	12	0	119	194	49	150	278	847	9	101	19
Hacking/Computer Invasion	3	2	1	0	1	2	1	17	6	7	0	1	0
Total Crimes Against Property	**3,221**	**5,599**	**706**	**2,850**	**3,664**	**1,657**	**1,933**	**5,116**	**36,933**	**12,918**	**107**	**1,156**	**404**
Crimes Against Society													
Drug/Narcotic Violations	422	672	55	517	977	221	176	639	3,603	4,585	11	285	157
Drug Equipment Violations	288	476	48	423	405	208	103	496	2,112	3,558	6	268	145
Pornography/Obscene Material	5	16	1	5	5	3	6	3	10	7	0	0	0
Prostitution	10	8	0	0	19	0	55	2	88	30	0	8	2
Weapons Law Violation	68	184	23	154	180	47	78	130	957	945	3	35	40
Animal Cruelty	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	1	0
Gambling Offenses	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0
Betting/Wagering	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0
Operating/Promoting/Assisting Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling Equipment Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Crimes Against Society	**793**	**1,356**	**127**	**1,100**	**1,586**	**479**	**418**	**1,270**	**6,779**	**9,127**	**20**	**597**	**344**
Total Group A Offenses	**4,749**	**9,225**	**1,012**	**5,235**	**6,778**	**2,884**	**3,200**	**8,557**	**56,851**	**31,598**	**173**	**2,147**	**1,042**

Notes: Group A offenses include crimes against persons, crimes against property, and crimes against society. Prostitution includes three offenses: prostitution, assisting or promoting prostitution, and purchasing prostitution.

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Group A offenses by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2023

	Lemon Grove	Poway	San Marcos	Santee	Solana Beach	Vista	Unincor-porated	Harbor	UCSD	CSUSM	SDSU
Crimes Against Persons											
Murder	2	0	4	0	0	5	15	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Justifiable Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-consensual Sex Offenses	12	10	33	22	2	39	164	20	6	7	9
Rape	2	0	4	2	0	8	30	8	3	2	8
Sodomy	0	0	3	0	0	3	17	0	0	0	1
Sexual Assault with An Object	0	1	1	0	1	1	10	0	0	2	0
Fondling	10	9	25	20	1	27	107	12	3	3	0
Aggravated Assault	135	69	164	138	18	307	1,385	128	6	4	13
Simple Assault	267	178	435	273	41	679	3,792	162	41	8	38
Intimidation	28	17	29	29	6	81	286	26	7	8	12
Kidnapping/Abduction	9	5	12	9	1	26	77	7	2	3	0
Consensual Sex Offenses	0	0	4	2	0	1	8	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	4	2	0	1	8	0	0	0	0
Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Crimes Against Persons	**453**	**279**	**681**	**473**	**68**	**1,138**	**5,727**	**343**	**62**	**30**	**72**
Crimes Against Property											
Robbery	30	11	46	43	3	60	181	16	1	0	3
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	61	81	108	70	61	223	645	61	32	1	23
Motor Vehicle Theft	117	46	137	81	13	271	860	77	416	2	18
Arson	5	4	10	3	0	3	39	2	6	0	2
Destruction Of Property	148	80	185	114	34	357	1,027	144	166	57	111
Counterfeiting/Forgery	4	12	14	12	0	19	100	18	4	9	4
Embezzlement	3	2	3	4	0	4	22	1	0	1	0
Extortion/Blackmail	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	0	13	2	6
Bribery	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property Offenses	30	18	39	21	7	53	326	31	20	3	4
Larceny/Theft Offenses	245	288	522	422	122	697	1,818	442	443	45	262
Pocket-picking	1	0	1	0	0	1	6	5	1	1	1

	Lemon Grove	Poway	San Marcos	Santee	Solana Beach	Vista	Unincor- porated	Harbor	UCSD	CSUSM	SDSU
Purse-snatching	4	0	1	1	2	1	9	6	0	0	0
Shoplifting	97	112	142	198	23	218	264	31	62	1	42
Theft From Building	4	30	51	16	6	44	171	76	36	13	47
Theft From Coin Operated Machine or Device	0	0	1	0	0	1	8	0	5	1	0
Theft From Motor Vehicle	76	82	174	95	48	235	665	64	42	1	25
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories	29	33	52	72	8	67	190	14	18	4	14
All Other Larceny	34	31	100	40	35	130	505	246	279	24	133
Fraud Offenses	69	87	98	99	37	154	735	49	32	11	16
False Pretenses/Swindle/Confidence Game	16	26	25	11	7	38	155	13	24	9	10
Credit Card/Automatic Teller Fraud	4	9	15	2	3	24	44	5	4	0	1
Impersonation	16	18	13	11	4	25	89	7	2	1	3
Welfare Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Identity Theft	33	32	43	75	23	67	445	24	2	1	2
Hacking/Computer Invasion	0	2	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Total Crimes Against Property	**713**	**629**	**1,162**	**869**	**277**	**1,842**	**5,759**	**841**	**1,133**	**131**	**449**
Crimes Against Society											
Drug/Narcotic Violations	302	130	446	227	34	750	2,243	166	55	18	19
Drug Equipment Violations	421	116	332	187	31	445	1,607	107	34	18	16
Pornography/Obscene Material	0	1	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0
Prostitution	0	2	0	0	0	10	8	1	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violation	38	37	94	45	6	101	546	100	15	6	11
Animal Cruelty	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Gambling Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Betting/Wagering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Operating/Promoting/Assisting Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling Equipment Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Crimes Against Society	**761**	**286**	**873**	**459**	**71**	**1,306**	**4,410**	**374**	**105**	**42**	**46**
Total Group A Offenses	**1,927**	**1,194**	**2,716**	**1,801**	**416**	**4,286**	**15,896**	**1,558**	**1,300**	**203**	**567**

Notes: Group A offenses include crimes against persons, crimes against property, and crimes against society. Prostitution includes three offenses: prostitution, assisting or promoting prostitution, and purchasing prostitution.

Sources: SANDAG; ARJIS

Group B offenses
San Diego Region, 2021, 2022, and 2023

	2021	2022	2023	Change 2021-2023	Change 2022-2023
All Other Offenses	7,754	8,785	9,561	23%	9%
Curfew/Loitering/Vagrancy Violations	295	433	508	72%	17%
Disorderly Conduct	6,086	5,989	5,891	-3%	-2%
Driving Under the Influence	4,423	4,552	4,695	6%	3%
Family Offenses (Nonviolent)	0	0	2	--	--
Liquor Law Violations	124	181	123	-1%	-32%
Trespass of Real Property	609	526	540	-11%	3%
Total Group B Offenses	**19,291**	**20,466**	**21,320**	**11%**	**4%**

Sources: SANDAG/ARJIS

**Population by jurisdiction
San Diego Region, 2021, 2022/2023**

	2021	2022-2023	Change 2021-2022/2023
Carlsbad	115,680	115,585	<-1%
Chula Vista	276,922	276,785	<-1%
Coronado	22,611	22,277	-1%
El Cajon	106,447	105,638	-1%
Escondido	151,389	150,679	<-1%
La Mesa	60,608	60,472	<-1%
National City	61,755	61,471	<-1%
Oceanside	173,932	173,048	-1%
San Diego	1,371,832	1,374,790	<1%
Sheriff- Total	909,276	907,968	<-1%
Del Mar	3,957	3,929	-1%
Encinitas	61,724	61,515	<-1%
Imperial Beach	26,448	26,243	-1%
Lemon Grove	27,422	27,242	-1%
Poway	48,850	48,759	<-1%
San Marcos	92,958	93,585	1%
Santee	59,146	59,015	<-1%
Solana Beach	12,909	12,812	-1%
Vista	99,536	100,291	1%
Unincorporated	476,326	474,577	<-1%
Total	**3,250,452**	**3,248,713**	**<-1%**

Notes: Populations used to compute crime rates reflect the most current finalized California Department of Finance estimates. "Sheriff-Total" includes the contract cities and the unincorporated area served by the San Diego County Sheriff's Department, as well as crime reported in the Sheriff's detention facilities, courts staffed by the Sheriff, and crimes reported to the Sheriff that were determined to have occurred in a city not served by the Sheriff or at a location for which jurisdiction could not be determined. "Unincorporated" includes 4S Ranch, Alpine, Fallbrook, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, and Valley Center, and the unincorporated areas of Encinitas, Imperial Beach, Lemon Grove, Poway, San Marcos, Santee, and Vista.

Source: SANDAG Population and Housing Estimates v2022